THE TIMES
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Victoria Times.

DON'T FORGET the only always open drug store in British Columbia is the....
PEOPLES' POPULAR PRESCRIPTION PHARMACY. C. E. JONES. 36 Govt. St.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C, FRIDAY, AUGUST 10 1894. No. 193

NOTICE.....

We are selling DIAMONDS, WATCHES, CLOCKS and all kinds of Jewelry at prices away below anything seen in the city before.

Fine lines of NEW GOODS constantly arriving, and everything guaranteed.

Our Manufacturing Department is the finest operated in the province, and all kinds of Repairing and Manufacturing is at Rock Bottom Prices.

Challoner & Mitchell,
47 Government Street.

PERRIN'S

GLOVES

A Few Facts About Kid Gloves.

THERE is no article in the Dry Goods trade more difficult to handle satisfactorily than Kid Gloves. Let the following facts be borne in mind:

Kid Skins and Lamb Skins

are not manufactured to order in a loom where the material, the texture, the weight, and the strength, can be controlled; they grow on animals, subject to change of weather, of food, and of other 'conditions' such as cause the variety we see in nature.

The manufacturer has to depend on the honesty, ability, and care of his work-people in the selection and manipulation of the skins, and they, like all human beings, often err.

A nice kid glove is the most important part of a ladies' dress.
We have made our KID GLOVE department very large and complete. We have stuck to well known and reliable makers and kept the same brand for years. We have Blacks, Tans, Browns and Greys in stock, both in Bretagne, Lacing and Stud fastenings. Every pair fully warranted when correct size is purchased.

THE WESTSIDE.

J. Hutcheson & Co.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT.
ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WANTED—Girl to do housework in family of three. Apply at 42 Rock Bay ave., between 12 and 1 p.m.

FOR SALE—Two story house, 5 rooms, on Frances ave., where Douglas street car passes. Price reduced from $1,300 to $850. Payable $10 cash and $10 per month. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

FOR SALE—A good farm at South Saanich; 97 acres, of which 92 acres are good land; 11 acres under cultivation; 1-4 acre in strawberries; fine orchard of 160 trees; a good 7-roomed modern house, stable chicken house and barn. Price reduced to $3,150. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas street. aug10

SITUATION WANTED by Japanese boy to do housework or cooking. Address Henly, 47 Chatham St. a10-2t

BY ORDER OF MORTGAGEES.

H. Cuthbert & Co.
AUCTIONEERS.

Are instructed by the mortagegees to sell by auction on the farm of Mr. H. C. Robinson at South Saanich, on

Saturday, August 11th, at 3 p.m.

the following

...Live and Dead Farming Stock...

comprising 9 milch cows all to milk, and suitable either for family or dairy use; 3 general purpose horses, aged and suitable for all farm work; very fine black colt, 2 1-2 years, unbroken, perfectly sound and gentle; 2 fine heifers, 2 years old; jersey bull "Marquis," etc., etc.

Terms cash.—The Victoria & Sidney Railway runs through the farm, and a train leaving Victoria at 2 p.m. will put intending buyers and others down right on the premises.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Farm Stock Auctioneers.

Cheap Excursion!

Via the

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

...TO...

WASHINGTON, D.C., and return....$72 75
PITTSBURG, PA., and return.....60 60

Ticket good for SIXTY DAYS from date of sale. For full particulars, tickets, map of route, etc., apply to

GEORGE L. COURTNEY,
Agent C. P. Ry. Co.,
August2-tf Victoria, B. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE

WITH IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

A new residence facing the Victoria Arm, 200 feet water frontage, unsurpassed view of the City of Victoria and Olympian range in the back-ground; entrance from the Gorge Road; two-and-a-half acres of land; House containing panelled vestibule, beautifully frescoed hall, handsome Staircase, double Drawing Room with two fireplaces, Dining Room, Smoking Room, six Bed Rooms, Bath Room, W. C. and Lavatory on each floor, large attic, spacious cellar with stone walls, brick foundation, electric light, electric bells, &c., &c.

Price, $10,500. Terms can be arranged to suit the purchaser. Apply to

J GERHARD TIARKS,
Architect. P. O. Box 352.
30 1-2 Government Street, Victoria.

PROPOSED PACIFIC CABLE.

The Specifications Drawn Up By the Dominion Government.

Ottawa, Aug. 10.—Specifications for the proposed Pacific cable have been prepared. Contractors are to base their calculations on maintenance and operation. The first plan requires an estimate of the cost of laying a cable to be owned and controlled by the government interested, to be worked under government authority and to be kept in order for three years by the contractor. The second is for a cable to be owned, maintained and worked by a subsidized company, tenders to state how much subsidy would be required and for how many years. The tenders under this form are also to be based on a maximum cable rate of three shillings per word for ordinary telegrams, two shillings for government telegrams, and one shilling and sixpence for press telegrams to and from Great Britain and the Australian colonies and on messages between Canada and Australia. The third form of tender is for a cable to be owned, maintained and worked by a company under government guarantees, the contractors to furnish the capital, lay the cable, operate and maintain it, stating what guarantees of gross revenue would be required, the difference between gross earnings and the amount guaranteed to be made good each year to the company by the governments interested, and the company to charge the rates specified in the second form of tenders. Among other conditions it is stipulated that the cable must be able to transmit at a rate of not less than twelve words a minute. Each offer must describe the character of cable, its approaches and the cost of building, with provisions for repairs also in the case of tenders based on the first forms. Contractors are to state the number of steamships required, which, together with the stores, are to remain the contractor's property for three years, when they will be taken by the government at a valuation.

JAPAN HELD RESPONSIBLE.

The British Government Hold Her Liable for Destruction of Life and Property.

Exodus of Japs From Shanghai Begins—Reliable News to Come by Steamer.

London, Aug. 10.—A Shanghai despatch says the final exodus of the Japanese residents has begun. Some six hundred Japanese will leave Shanghai to-morrow for home. The Japanese postoffice has been shut. Every precaution has been taken to prevent any hostile demonstration of natives against the emigrants. Captain Galsworthy of the Kow Shung, has arrived at Shanghai. The American and Norwegian consuls at Shanghai are refusing clearances of ships carrying rice.

The British government announced in the house of commons to-day that Japan would be responsible for the loss of British life and property by the sinking of the Kow Shung.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—The steamer City of Peking arrived this morning via Yokohama. War had not been declared when she sailed. The greatest excitement prevailed in Yokohama over the prospect of war with China, and confidence was expressed that Japan would win. Chinese were openly insulted in the streets, and sometimes subjected to bodily harm. Several small outbreaks against Chinese occurred, but were promptly checked by officers. The citizens of other countries are in no danger. On July 20th last, a Japanese warship sailed from Yokohama for Chemulpo. The foreign men of war were all concentrated at Shanghai in order to be ready to protect the interests of their respective countries. The United States had the ships Baltimore and Monocacy among the ships. Public Meetings were held in Yokohama every evening at which the situation was discussed and the utmost hatred shown China. In the opinion of those who can speak authentically all reliable news concerning war will be carried by steamer. The excitement in China is not so great as in Japan. The festivities incident to the birthday of the empress dowager have been abandoned, her majesty declaring that the honor of China must be upheld.

CAPTURE OF BLUEFIELDS.

Nicaraguans Inflicting Terrible Cruelties on Prisoners of War.

New York, Aug. 10.—A cable dispatch from Colon, Colombo, says: The Nicaraguans about Bluefields are inflicting terrible cruelties, it is reported, upon the Mosquito Indians and Jamaica negroes taken prisoners. It is believed the Nicaraguans intend to destroy the fruit crop so as to finally cripple the Indians. The whole coast is in a state of anarchy. The Indians repulsed the first attack on the town, the Indians sustaining heavy loss. Refugees arriving at Costa Rica, principally women and children, say that Bluefields is to be bombarded by General Cabezas.

The Sun's Memphis special says: A letter received here from a well known Greytown artisan, dated August 1st, gives some interesting facts of the attack on and capture of Bluefields, which has since occurred. It says:

"Yesterday five hundred troops came down from the interior on their way to Bluefields. The steamer Wanagua will bring down five hundred more to-day. To co-operate with these General Escaton has started with one thousand troops overland from Rama, and it is also said that five hundred Hodurans and Nicaraguans are coming down the coast from Cape Gracias-a-Dios. The force here is all infantry except two small cannon. The officials claim to have secured the steamer Yuhan, belonging to the Emery Mahogany company, to transport the troops from here, and also claim to have chartered a steamer which is daily expected from New Orleans. United States Consul Braida is at a loss to know what will be done, as he has heard nothing from the department at Washington, nothing from Captain O'Neill on the Marlehead, and his telegrams sent to Minister Baker at Managua sixteen days ago are still unanswered. Captain O'Neill issued strict orders to have all steamers flying the United States flag to maintain a strict neutrality and to transport neither men nor arms. He may prevent the Yuhan from landing troops. The English ship Mohawk is at Bluefields also, but her late actions are very contrary to the actions of the British at first. It seems as if England and Nicaragua had made a deal of some kind whereby for a consideration the former is to let the treaty of Manague lapse, and, if so, how will this bear on the canal? English Vice-Consul Johnston does not think that a single shot will be fired at Bluefields, which probably means that the Mohawk will compel the Jamaica negroes to keep quiet under the penalty of losing the protection of their government. Altogether things look quite warlike here, and a settlement seems very far in the future."

IMPEDIMENT TO ARBITRATION.

Congress Postpones an Arbitration Resolution.

Washington, D. C., Aug. 10.—In the course of the discussion on the Boutelle resolution in the house to-day it transpired that Mr. Hastings, representing Hawaii here, had been recognized as charge d'affaires ad interim of the new republic.

The house to-day postponed action for the present on the joint resolution to arbitrate all differences between the United States and England for the next twenty-five years. This action is said to have been taken because of the possibility of complications arising over the building of the Nicaraguan canal on account of different interpretations of the Clayton-Bulwer treaty.

THE FLOOD DISTRICTS.

Starting of Relief Committees in the East Announced.

Ottawa, Aug. 10.—Relief committees for the British Columbia flood districts are being started. They were started after the disaster, but were stopped by Premier Davie, who said the province could relieve all the sufferers. Mr. Corbould, who represents the Fraser river district, asked aid from the house last session, but Premier Davie stopped this also. The premier said there was no loss of life, that the damage was greatly exaggerated and that the province was able to attend to all cases of suffering. There was an election then going on in the province. It is now over, and Mr. Davie has been returned by a majority that, it is presumed, will carry out his ante-election promises.

The memorandum from the minister of militia is waiting the approval of the cabinet to make Major Charles I. Watson, who was head of the company organized to protect the Yorkton settlers during the rebellion, an inspector of militia stores. The position is a new one, and will be worth about $1500. Watson was for a time an extra clerk in the railway department at $12 a week, but was dismissed. There was much indignation over the matter in militia circles.

AFFAIRS OF HONOR.

No Less Than Seven Duels to be Fought in the City of Mexico.

City of Mexico, Aug. 10.—Seven duels are on the tapis in this city, that number of challenges being issued and accepted, but the date for none of the affairs of honor has been set. All of the principals are prominent men, three of them being members of the national congress and the others well known business men. Personal misunderstandings of different kinds are the causes. Manuel Moya, paymaster in the army, has refused to consider the challenge which was made him by Captain Francisco Macia, a prominent army officer now on the retired list and the captain has sought redress through the courts.

In a duel with a government official last evening Senor Verast-Gui was killed by a Mexican congressman named Romero.

NEWFOUNDLAND GOVERNMENT.

The End of a Short and Energetic Session Reached.

St. John's, Nfld., Aug. 9.—The legislature closed to-day after the briefest session on record, having been open only a week. All the financial measures, revenue, supply, road loan, and bills which met with the refusal of the Whiteway government were passed. The closing ceremonies were unusually impressive. In the speech from the throne it was declared that nothing in the history of the whole colony's existence was more creditable than the promptness with which the current legislative business had been transacted. The prosperous crops and fisheries were spoken of, and the likely rapid progress in the construction of railways was commended. Regarding new legislation, the consolidation of all the systems of railway under one management was also commended, and the colonization of government lands adjacent to railways was suggested. The promotion of fish culture and the survey of the Labrador coast were advocated.

THE GOLDEN STATE.

Trial of Train Wreckers at Woodland—A Desperate Prisoner.

Woodland, Cal., Aug. 10.—At the beginning of this morning's session of the train wreckers' trial Carroll Cook began his argument against the motion to dismiss the defendants.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—A very singular feature in connection with the arrival of the City of Peking this morning is the fact that she did not have a single Chinese as a passenger. The City of Rio de Janeiro, the previous steamer, only brought one Chinese passenger, and he was sent back by the Belgic.

The coroner's jury chosen at the inquest held over the body of Ethel Leroy brought in a verdict charging Frank Larabee with her murder.

Murderer Vital created a scene this morning on the arrival of the steamship Mexico from the south. He is under sentence to be hanged on the 28th inst. On the trip over he made several ineffectual attempts to kill himself. Sheriff Broughton fastened himself to the murderer, who on the way to the San Quentin [illegible] escape. But for the assistance of Police Sergeant Tom Mahoney both sheriff and prisoner would have gone off the wharf into the bay. Vital confessed to Captain Hall that he had been guilty of several murders, and boasted that he would never hang for any of them.

Oakland, Cal., Aug. 10.—The police have a man in custody whom they think is the one who placed a dynamite cartridge on the Seventh street track which badly damaged the engine and made a heavy explosion. The man gave his name as Joe Nottingham. The police claim that he was in this city on the night of the explosion. The complaint against him is sworn to by Olaf Larsen of West Oakland. He was arraigned in the police court this morning and the judge refused to admit him to bail. His preliminary examination was set for next Tuesday. The police claim he admitted to them that he put the dynamite on the track but did it only for a joke and did not think it would do any damage.

ANTI-MISSIONARY RIOTS.

American Presbyterian Church in China Burned.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—The steamship City of Peking arrived from Yokohama this morning. There have been anti-missionary riots at Tunkun and Shelung of the most alarming character. The American Presbyterian church at the latter place was totally destroyed. The plague is diminishing.

AGREEMENT NOT REACHED.

Hill Wants to Touch Up the Conferees But the Other Senators Objected.

Another Day Passes Without Any Report Being Decided Upon by the Parties.

Washington, Aug. 10.—In the senate to-day Hill offered a resolution to request the conferees on the tariff bill to report to the senate what progress they had made and what prevented an immediate agreement. Harris said the conferees had not agreed on coal, iron and sugar. Gray objected to the consideration of the resolution on the ground that unanimous consent had not been given. After an acrimonious discussion between Hill, Gray, Vilas and others the motion went over.

In the debate on Hill's resolution Vest declared he was tired of the infamous lies circulated about the Democratic conferees, and when the resolution came up to-morrow he would have something to say about the conference. Aldrich tried to have the senate act on a resolution of similar import to that of Hill by offering it as a substitute for the resolution offered by Allen yesterday, and which had been called up for consideration, but it was ruled that a substitute must be treated the same as though it were a new resolution. The senate subsequently went into executive session.

The tariff conferees discussed the situation for an hour and a half this morning, but nothing was done up to recess. After the debate in the senate was concluded the conferees met again, the senate members hoping that the demonstration in the senate would bring the house conferees to a knowledge that the time had come for action, but the discussion in the senate seems to have had little effect.

CABLE NEWS.

Italian Government Cutting Down Expenses.

London, Aug. 10.—F. L. Winter, a professor of music and stage manager of the Garrick theatre, under the name of H. Montague, was arraigned in the Bow street police court to-day on a charge of perjury. It is claimed that Winter obtained a divorce from his wife in 1881 by swearing that she had been guilty of adultery with his only brother, who was drowned in 1876. Winter in 1886 went to the United States and settled at Denver, Col., where he became organist of a Catholic church. He was admitted to bail in $10,000.

An official report shows that 2054 persons died of the plague in Hongkong during the recent epidemic.

Five new cases of cholera and one new death from the disease were reported in Amsterdam yesterday. In Maastricht three new cases were reported, but no deaths.

The Paris correspondent of the Daily Chronicle says that the Count of Paris suffers from a recurrent malady and is critically ill. The Countess of Paris has shortened her annual stay at Marienbad and returned to England. All the Orleans princes in France have visited the count within the last two weeks. The Duke of Orleans has postponed his intended visit to France.

Emigration to Canada from English ports for the seven months ending July 31 shows, according to official compilations just published, considerable of a decrease when compared with similar periods of previous years. The falling away is considered more remarkable when the prominece which Dominion matters have received during the last year is taken into account.

The reforms projected by the Italian government, with the view to financial retrenchment, reduce the number of provinces in Italy from 69 to 29; reduce the number of tribunals from 180 to 69; abolish the courts of cassation in Palermo, Naples, Florence and Turin; convert 23 universities into private institutions, and create state universities in Rome and Naples.

Most of the American pilgrims received communion from the pope. His holiness spoke briefly to each one as presented. He spoke feelingly of the energy and devotion of the clergy and laity of the United States, and said he hoped to create several new dioceses. He exhorted American Catholics to draw people to the church by their example of unblemished life and Christian charity. He asked the pilgrims to pray for him in Lourdes. His holiness looked healthy.

[illegible] Kelso, while on her way from this port to Russia, to-day ran aground in the river Humber, and shortly after she broke in two.

Sydney, N. S. W., Aug. 9.—Premier Reid addressed the electors of this city last night. He announced that sweeping reductions would be made in the customs duties and that there would be economies of a moderate nature in the land and income taxes. He welcomed the overthrow of the Dibbs government as a pronouncement in favor of colonial free trade.

DECISION FOR BOTH.

British Naval Court at San Francisco Gives a Decision.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—The British naval court convened to consider charges brought by the captain and mate of the ship Dechmont rendered a decision substantially that Mate Jones was guilty of neglect of duty in keeping the ship's log improperly and in refusing to carry out the orders of the captain. The court decided against Captain Sauter for putting Mate Jones in irons on the ground that the provocation did not warrant it as his derelictions were not sufficient to keep him from duty. The decision which is really in favor of the mate gives general satisfaction as it is considered risky proceedings to put the first mate in irons. In case of an accident to the ship the underwriters might refuse to pay the insurance.

THE COREAN WAR.

Japan Most Aggressive—Typhoons Expected to restrict Naval Operations.

London, Aug. 9.—The Shanghai correspondent of the Central News says that according to advices from Yokohama and Nagasaki, Japan is pouring reinforcements into Corea, using for the purpose all the available fast steamers flying the Japanese flag. A Japanese transportation fleet recently started for Chemulpo; another fleet started for the north coast of Corea, presumably for Gensan. The Japanese newspapers are forbidden to refer to the war preparations or to publish any army news except such as is prepared by the government. The Japanese aim to attack the Chinese before the arrival of the Manchurian corps. The Chinese fleets make no effort to leave the coast. Fast Japanese cruisers are constantly watching.

A dispatch from Tientsin to the Central News saws that the emperor of China has directed that a levy for war tribute be made on the viceroys of the different provinces. Chinese troops, with European officers, are rapidly advancing through Manchuria towards the Corean frontier. The commissariat is experiencing great difficulty in obtaining supplies for the troops. China is wary in her preparations, but is unsparing in her efforts to succeed in the impending fight.

A dispatch to the Times from Tientsin says that the English colony have petitioned that British gunboats be sent here to prevent panics. The government has ordered Chinese officials to protect all foreigners and missionaries. The Times denies the statement that General Yen was killed at Yashan and that the steamer Kwangui was sunk. It also denies that Li Hung Chang's rank and privileges have been reduced.

Japan has ordered a prominent firm in Dudley, Worcestershire, to ship to Japan immediately several hundred tons of the best iron. It is understood that the iron is for war purposes.

Chief Officer Tamplin, of the transport Kow Shung, said in an interview to-day concerning his experience at the time of the sinking of the transport: "I was in the water for some time before the Japanese picked me up. They were kind to me and gave me every attention. The Chinese on the Kow Shung fired at me while I was in the water. The Japanese fired at the Chinese in the Kow Shung's boats, but did not fire at the drowning Chinamen."

Washington City, Aug. 9.—In speaking of the probabilities of the pending war between Japan and China an official of the Japanese legation recalled the fact that the season of the monsoon and typhoons is now rapidly approaching. The presence of the former is not regarded as a menace to sea manoeuvring, but fear is felt for the latter. The typhoon is a revolving wind storm whose effects are disastrous. It is believed by officials of the legation that the naval movements during the typhoon season at least, will be somewhat circumscribed. The Chinese will not venture a great distance from their coast, but will keep close to port. Japan, it is thought here, will wage an aggressive war upon China, and some of her objective points in all probability will be the Chinese ports. Already news has reached here of high gales off the Chinese coast that have compelled all craft but the staunchest steamers to seek shelter in port. Naval officers say that when the dreaded typhoon sets in there is nothing to do but run from it. When vessels are not sunk by the typhoon they are frequently driven far out of their course, so it will be seen that naval operations between China and Japan are likely to be conducted at great risk. For this reason the operations of the fleets will probably be restricted to a minimum.

Seattle, Aug. 9.—The war between Japan and China is creating a demand for the flour milled on the coast, and the Novelty Mill Company, of this city, would have shared a large order with other mills throughout this state and Oregon had not the many large orders now on hand, which are keeping the mill going night and day, forced it to decline the order. It will probably get a share of a still larger order soon. An order for 100,000 barrels was placed with the Portland Milling Company, and sub-orders have been given to the Spokane and Tacoma mills. An order for 500,000 barrels is expected to be placed by the same government providing the first one is satisfactory.

BATTLE FLAGS.

The Tattered Flags of Iowa—Permanent Home in the Capitol.

Des Moines, Iowa, Aug. 10.—Amid patriotic orations, with the music of bands innumerable, and amidst the acclaim of a multitude, the treasured battle flags of the Hawkeye state were to-day removed from the arsenal, where they have hitherto found a resting place, to a permanent home in the state capitol. Preparations for the event have been in progress for several months and public interest in the event was increased by the stirring "battle flag" proclamation issued by Governor Jackson. Last night and early this morning the stars and stripes were liberally thrown to the breeze, while every available yard of bunting was brought out and utilized to give the city a gala aspect. To the grey haired veterans of the state it is even a greater event than a national G. A. R. encampment, and for forty-eight hours they have been pouring in, filling up the hotels and crowding the residences of the hundreds of citizens whose latch-string for this occasion has been hanging on the outside.

The exercises of the day were inaugurated at ten o'clock, when the survivors of the respective Iowa regiments and batteries marched from the city proper across the river to the arsenal. Here the flags were temporarily delivered into their keeping by Lieut.-Governor Warren F. Dungan. The procession was then formed, with General G. F. Dodge in command of the division comprising the survivors of the Iowa organizations. The various divisions of the Grand Army and several regiments of the National Guard acted as escort to the Iowa veterans and their tattered emblems. The procession moved from the arsenal in West Des Moines, crossed the river and went through the principal thoroughfares up to the state capitol. The sidewalks and windows along the route were packed with people, and the veterans passed between a continuous volley of cheers. On arriving at the capitol the participants in the parade formed in line before the main entrance, where a large platform had been erected, while the general public covered the sloping banks and the broad steps away down to the roadway. Ex-Secretary of the Interior John W. Noble, of St. Louis, who commanded one of the Iowa regiments during the war, was introduced as officer of the day and delivered a brief but stirring address. The band then played "America," and an invocation was offered by the Rev. A. W. Kendrick, chaplain in chief of the Grand Army of the Republic. After an original poem had been recited by Major S. M. Byers, Major J. F. Lacey stepped forward, and in an eloquent address returned the historic emblems, in behalf of the organizations to which they belonged, to the charge of the state. Governor Jackson responded with a vigorous speech, which was repeatedly punctuated with applause. Then there was more martial music, and the exercises were brought to a close by the singing of the "Star-Spangled Banner," led by Mrs. Cheek. As a finale the remnants of the flags were placed in their last resting places in the cases prepared for their reception. This afternoon and evening there will be numerous reunions of the members of the Iowa regiments, some of which have not met since war time.

JOSEPHUS AND CHRIST.

New Testimony from the Jewish Historian's Writings.

Professor Bratke, of Bonn, in the Theologisches Litteraturblatt, of Leipsic, Nos. 16 and 17, reports and discusses a literary find of considerable importance to Bible students—a new testimony of the Jewish historian, Josephus, concerning Christ. The new testimony is found in certain Acts reporting a religious discussion in the fifth century in Persia between Greeks, Jews and Christians, the question at issue being the claims of Christ and Christianity. Just as Bratke was preparing these Acts for publication they were issued almost simultaneously by the German church historian, Wirth, "Aus Orientalischen Chroniken," 1894, and by the Russian savant Vassiliev, in his "Anecdota Graeco-Byzantina," 1, 1894. In the course of the debate, the Christian disputant brings up a long list of Israelites, mostly taken from the New Testament, such as John the Baptist, Nicodemus, Joseph of Arimathea, Caiaphas, and others, and closes the list with the remarkable words: "Josephus, your historian, who has spoken of Christ as a just and good man, manifested from divine grace, doing good to many through signs and wonders." This testimony, which seemingly has never before been utilized by Christian historians, is regarded by Bratke as a testimony concerning Christ entirely independent of the one in the Antiquities; and by its contents and wording, very probably historically correct, antedating even the other and doubtful testimony. —Sunday Sschool Times.

ROUND THE PLANET.

The Great Wheeling Tour Undertaken by a Lady.

Mme. Londonderry is in New York on her way around the world on a bicycle. She is the Boston woman who has undertaken this trip on a wager. Like Paul Jones she started without a penny, and plans to complete her trip in 15 months, pay all her expenses, and return with $5000 in her pocket. If she accomplishes this $10,000 will be hers. So far she has been most successful. Already she has made $500, and her expenses have been but $100. Before she left the state house steps in Boston Mme. Londonderry had made $230.01. The president of the W. C. T. U. of Brighton, Mass., paid a penny for pinning the white ribbon on Mlle. Londonderry's coat. She was paid $100 by the "Lend a Hand" magazine to solicit advertisements and represent it on her trip, and another $100 for advertising a certain lithia water for one day in Boston. She also worked in a photographer's studio for two hours for $30. From New York she will go to Albany and through New York state, then from Washington to Chicago and San Francisco. She will take the steamer there for Sandwich Islands, then to China around the world to Boston. Mlle. Londonderry when not engaged in a trip around the world on a bicycle, is known as Mrs. Annie Kaychowsky, of Boston. She is but 23 years old, and is the mother of three children. In no sense is she a professional bicyclist. She now rides at the rate of 75 miles a day.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Like a ship without a rudder is a man or a woman without health and the necessary strength to perform the ordinary duties of life. When the appetite fails, when debility, and a disordered condition of the stomach, liver, kidney, and bowels result

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

28,800,000

Of E. B. EDDY'S Matches are made and sold daily. Do you get your share?

You do not experiment when you buy

E. B. EDDY'S MATCHES.

HIS LIFE ALMOST LOST.

A Diver's Thrilling Experience Eighty Feet Under Water.

The big steamer La Touraine lost an anchor in New York Bay recently, and William Olsen, a diver, while down eighty feet trying to attach a hawser to it, was nearly suffocated through his supply of air giving out. He was taken out in two minutes, and after recovering from his terrible experience spoke as follows to a Press reporter:—

"I had found the anchor and had made fast one line. It was not strong enough, I thought, for a 7,000 pound anchor, and I was about to make fast another line. I had been working rather hard and found myself short of breath. I straightened up and singnalled for a little more air. I noticed from the sound that the wheels above were going round very fast, as though the men above had difficulty in sending me what little air was then coming. Then I got the signal to make ready to come up. At the same instant I was jerked off my feet by the tightening of the life line. Quick as a flash, it seemed, all the air stopped. I seemed to be hours going up. My first sensation was a terrible smothering feeling in my chest. I couldn't breathe. My breast felt as if it were being squeezed in an enormous trip hammer, which was grinding my bones into my lungs. Then all the blood in my body seemed to rush to my head, my eyes seemed to start straight out from my head, until I could see them about two feet away, although everything was really black around me. The top of my head felt as if it were about to blow off and let out a tide of something which seemed to come from my feet, my hands and my inside. My neck felt as if a big, thick rope—thicker than it was wide—was being drawn tight, tighter, oh, so very tight around it. The back of my neck stiffened so that I felt that I could not move my head. It seemed to me that I tried to moove my head and my neck stuck a knife which, sharp as a razor, seemed to go clear through my neck and clash against my collar bone.

"My collar bone seemed to be pressed away down into my lungs, and it felt as if that big bone was double-edged, curved sword, reaching from one shoulder to the other over my chest, then circling around over my back. It seemed to scoop out my heart, lungs and other organs. I did not feel any pain in those organs, though I realized that I was losing them. My throat grew dry and hot, so hot that it seemed as if I had a raging fire in there, and it seemed as if the heat from this fire rapidly went clear through my head and out through my ears and nose.

"Then the darkness began to be lit by many stars. I could see millions and millions of them, and each one of them seemed to shoot each of its five points clear through my head. As I neared the surface the fearful pressure on my chest and head eased a little. I felt relief, though the darkness was just as black and stars just as flickering. When I reached the surface I was dazed, but I was conscious. I knew what was going on all the time. I could feel that the men above who were turning the wheel were making desperate efforts to get me out of the water. When I reached the surface and the face glass was removed, I took a long, deep breath. Nothing I ever had in my life seemed as sweet and as nice as that first breath. It seemed as if I could not get enough of it. By that time the stars had disappeared. I could get a faint gleam of light, though I could not see anything.

"The smothering sensation was gone. My head felt as big as a balloon. My eyes no longer seemed to be outside of my head, but instead seemed to have been shoved away in. I could not open them. The flesh around them seemed puffed out to where the eyes were when I was under the water. My eyes smarted dreadfully and that I could feel that blood was dripping from them. In a short time I could see a little daylight, but it hurt. I knew my mouth was full of blood, but I could not taste it. I coughed up a lot of it. I'd rather die right off than go through it again. It would be easier, I think."

Mr. Olsen was a strange-looking specimen of humanity. His face was black in spots and blue in patches. Deep black circles surrounded the livid, blood-red eyes, which seemed to project in demon-like fierceness. The skin on his neck chest and shoulders, especially at the back of his head, was terribly discolored. The whites of the eyes were fearfully bloodshot.

FOR SALE

VICTORIA WEST STEAM BAKERY.

Fully equipped with all the latest improved Biscuit and Soft Bread Machinery, in complete working order. Will be sold at a bargain on easy terms of payment.

For further particulars apply to

The Brackman & Ker Milling Co., Ltd., 525 Government St., Victoria, B.C.

The Victoria Lithograph Co.

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Enlarged from small photographs in the best style of the lithographer's Art.

SOME of our Victoria Merchants still send orders to Toronto and other Eastern Cities, in the mistaken notion that they can get it done cheaper. They of course know they cannot get it done better than in Victoria. We are prepared to do the work at Toronto Prices, if orders of the same size are given to us as are given to Toronto houses.

Call and see samples of our work before placing your orders with drummers.

Keep the Money In the Country.

Orders may be left at the TIMES Office.

VICTORIA LITHOGRAPH CO.,

W. R. CREECH, Manager.

NOTICE OF SALE BY SHERIFF.

Pursuant to "Execution Against Lands Act, 1874."

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

John W. Mellor, Plaintiff; John W. Carter, Defendant.

In obedience to a writ of fieri facias issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Victoria, on the 18th day of June, 1894, and to me directed in the above named suit for the sum of $954.94, and $3.50 for costs of execution, etc., together with interest on the said sum at six per centum per annum from the 19th day of May, 1894, besides Sheriff's poundage, fees, and other expenses of this execution, I have seized and will sell at public auction in front of my office, Court House, Bastion St., Victoria, on Friday, 17th day of August, 1894, at 12 o'clock noon, the interest of the said John W. Carter in the lands as described in this advertisement or sufficient thereof to satisfy the said judgment and expenses.

District.	No. of Lot.	Concise description of property.	Estate or Interest.
Victoria City.	Lot 81, situate in Rae Street.	Two-story house and out-houses; assessed value, $3,200.	Estate in fee, subject to incumb'nces.
	Lot 90, Kane St.	Two-story house and out-houses; assessed value, $2,000.	

When to be sold.	Where to be sold.
Friday, August 17th, 1894.	At the Sheriff's Office, Court House, Bastion street, Victoria.

J. E. McMILLAN, Sheriff.

Victoria, B. C., 25th July, 1894.

LAND REGISTRY OFFICE, Victoria, 25th day of July, 1894, 12:10 o'clock p.m.

I hereby certify as follows:

1. That, excepting judgments (if any), the following are the only charges registered or applied for against lots 81 and 90, Victoria City, the title to which is registered in the name of J. W. Carter, viz:

Against part of lot 81 and lot 90, Victoria City:

15th January, 1891.—J. W. Carter to Henry P. Bell, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $4,500 on (or before) the 19th January, 1894, and interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum, as therein mentioned. (Registered in Charge Book, Vol. 9, Fol. 466, No. 9,052B.)

Against part (60x30 ft.) of lot 81, Victoria City:

23rd July, 1892.—John William Carter to the North British-Canadian Investment Company, Limited, mortgage in fee to secure payment of the sum of $1,500 on or before the 23rd July, 1895, and interest at the rate of eight per cent. per annum. (Registered in C. B., Vol. 11, Fol. 175, No. 13,021B.)

2. That the following judgments appear registered against all the real estate of John William Carter, viz:

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained 17th May, 1894, by George Philip Weller, Charles Weller, Otto Weller, and Joseph William Weller, carrying on business at Victoria, B. C., under the firm name and style of Weller Bros., against John William Carter for $192.88 debt, and $56.41 costs. Registered 17th May, 1894, at 12:30 p.m., No. 299.

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained 28th May, 1894, by Henry Timothy Plett against John William Carter for $210 debt, and $31.57 costs. Registered the 28th May, 1894, at 12:40 p.m., No. 300.

3. That the following judgment appears registered against all the real estate of John W. Carter, viz:

Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained by Jno. W. Mellor against John W. Carter the 19th May, 1894, for $970.44 debt, and $25 costs, and registered 19th May, 1894, at 12:20 p.m., No. 301.

(L. S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar-General.

SHERIFF McMILLAN,
Victoria, B. C. 1726

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

THOS. STOREY,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND EMBALMER.
Office: 90 Johnson St.

Co-Operation.

The British Columbia Industrial Co-Operative Association is founded on the basis of productive and distributive co-operation. It is a combination of laborers of various trades and professions, for their physical, intellectual, social and moral improvement, both directly and indirectly. By combining the surplus earnings of its members in one common fund, the Association will provide them with permanent employment at good wages, with living at actual cost.

All persons wishing to join can obtain further particulars by addressing

JOHN DODD,
Nanaimo, B. C.

jel-tf-d&w

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
ROLLER FLOUR MILL
62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The undersigned will make loans from $1 to $1000 on any approved security.

VICTORIA LOAN OFFICE,
133 Government Street.

Private entrance for Pandora Street.
Business strictly confidential.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I shall apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners at its next sitting, to be held in and for the City of Victoria, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me for the Ship Inn Saloon, situate on portion of lot 199, Victoria City, on the east side of Wharf Street in the City of Victoria, to George Thomson, of Victoria, B.C., saloon-keeper.

Dated this 30th day of July, 1894.

ROSS J. FERGUSON.

aug1-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I have deposited with the Minister of Public Works a plan and description of a wharf proposed to be erected by me in Constance Cove, Esquimalt Harbor, abutting on part of Section 26, Esquimalt District, and have deposited a duplicate of each in the Land Registry Office in the City of Victoria and that I have applied to the Governor in Council for the approval thereof.

Dated 19th July, 1894.

JOHN JOSHUA RUSSELL.
Victoria, B.C.

jy20-1m

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.

Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other.

Manufactured by

RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

Notice of Assignment.

Pursuant to "Creditors' Trust Deeds Act 1890, and Amending Acts.

Notice is hereby given that by deed dated the 6th day of August, A.D. 1894, and executed by all parties thereto on that date, Arthur James Rowbotham, of the City of Victoria, British Columbia, grocer, assigned all his real and personal property (save as therein mentioned) to Thomas Earle of the said City of Victoria, merchant, in trust for the benefit of all his creditors.

Said deed was executed by the said parties and the trusts undertaken by the said Thomas Earle on the 6th day of August instant.

All persons indebted to the said Arthur James Rowbotham are required to pay such indebtedness forwith to the said trustee, and every person having any claim against the said Arthur James Rowbotham is to send proof of such claim, with full particulars, to the said trustee within one month from this date, after which date the said trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate, having regard only to such claims as may have been sent in.

A meeting of the creditors will be held at the office of the trustee on the 21st day of August, 1894, at 2:30 p.m.

Dated this 6th day of August, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Trustee above named.

Shawnigan Lake.

Every comfort for pleasure-seekers at Shawnigan Lake Hotel. Accommodation for hunting, fishing or boating parties. Three cottages to let, furnished or unfurnished, kitchens attached. Families or parties will find these comfortable and convenient.

GEO. KOENIG,
Proprietor.

my28-tm

CANADIAN NEWS.

The News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

Father Teefy has retired from the editoship of the Catholic Register.

Dr. McMichael, Q. C., the prominent criminal lawyer, is dead, aged 77.

Port Hope, Ont., will soon call for tenders for the construction of water works.

A flour mill will be erected at Port Colborne, Ont., by Mr. Drury, to cost $13,000.

Walkerville has gas mains laid in her streets which supply natural gas from the Kingsville wells.

Orillia, Ont., contemplates making improvements to its water works system at a cost of $12,000.

The protest against the election of Mr. Savage, member-elect for West Algoma, has been forwarded to Toronto.

J. McMaster & Co., dry goods merchants, of Perth, have assigned. Liabilities, $25,000, assets about $20,000.

Still another convention is to be held in Canada, that of the Philatelic association, to be held in Montreal late in August.

On Wednesday the goods and chattels of the defunct Toronto Reform club were sold at public auction to satisfy the creditors.

James Rosamond, the founder of the well known woollen industries in Almonte and father of Bennett Rosamond, M.P., is dead, aged 90.

At their farm in Assiniboia, the Canadian Agricultural Company have sheared 15,000 sheep this season, each clip averaging seven pounds.

Annie, the four-year-old daughter of Hugh Fitzsimmons, of Chatham, was burned to death by playing with matches, which set fire to her clothing.

The London, Ont., city council accepted the General Electric Company's tender for street lighting, a five years' contract at 25 cents per light per night.

The house of John Curtis, Chatham township, was fired by an incendiary. Lizzie Grant, aged thirteen, and an infant named Thompson, were burned to death.

Amherst, N. S., ratepayers have authorized the borrowing of ten thousand dollars for waterworks, three thousand dollars for schools and two thousand dollars for fire purposes.

There is said to be ahead two hundred cargoes of lumber at Quebec for American canal boats, to go forward as soon as the Yankees come to some definite decision on the question of the new tariff.

Bank bills raised from $5 to $50 have been discovered at Point St. Charles and Hochelaga, Montreal. The Bank of Montreal and the Merchants' Bank of Canada were the banks whose bills were so treated.

The passengers reaching Winnipeg from Montreal on Thursday had an exciting experience near Sudbury on Tuesday, when a robber stealing a ride on the train was caught with the aid of the conductor. His pal escaped.

Angus D. MacDonell, for many years one of the best known figures on the streets of Toronto, being none the less remarkable because of the striking resemblane he bore to the late Sir John Macdonald, is dead, aged 83 years.

An excursion party leaving Selkirk and Winnipeg for Grand Marais, a new summer resort on Lake Winnipeg, were compelled to spend the night on the lake, the boat becoming stranded on a sand bar on the return trip. They reached the city the next afternoon.

John Williams, alias Miller, alias Mitchell, alias Whitefoot, pleaded guilty before Judge Morgan in Toronto to stealing $180 from Joseph York, who was on his way to British Columbia last spring. Prisoner has a criminal record from New York to San Fransicsco. In view of this Judge Morgan sentenced him to the penitentiary for five years.

A small steamer was secured by the Salvation Army of Toronto and fitted up as a "gospel cruiser" to make the tour of the upper lakes as far as Fort William, with a detachment of the Army on board. On Thursday she ran on a reef four miles off Port Dover. All efforts to get her off proved futile, and she is likely to be a total wreck. Efforts are being made to rescue the crew.

The last raft of square timber to pass down the Ottawa river this year was the David Moore Lumber company's cribs. This makes in all nine rafts that have gone down to Quebec this summer from the upper Ottawa. Of these a couple were left over from last year, so that there were only seven new rafts taken out last winter. It looks as if the square timber business were going to pieces. A few years ago there used to be rafts on the river from the time navigation opened until the approach of winter.

BREAD IN HISTORY.

Some Interesting Gleanings Relating to the Staff of Life.

It has probably occurred to few persons to ask who was the inventor of bread. In our stage of civilization this form of food is so much [illegible] that it is treated as the symbol of all food. The Christian, in his daily prayers, petitions God for his "daily bread." The Romans, in their decadence, clamored only for their "bread and their circus."

There is an article on the subject in Comos, Paris, June 23, by M. Laverune, who has collected a vast amount of interesting information on this familiar article of food.

"It seems," says M. Laverune, "as if in some way bread fell down from heaven, and also that it must always have been something like the bread with which we are so familiar. This is, nevertheless, far from being the case; men were not always familiar with the preparation of wheaten flour which we call bread; indeed, in our own day there are entire populations ignorant of its use. The black races of Africa and the red men of America have no notion of it. In the vast empire of China, containing a quarter of the human race, bread is almost unknown. Only in the province of Kan-Son is bread, such as we use, made. The people of Hindustan use only unleavened bread.

"Archeology furnishes evidence of the use of unleavened bread towards the close of the prehistoric era. Charred bread has been found in the lake dwellings of Switzerland and the subterranean vaults of Egypt. These specimens afford precise evidence of the state of bread making among the Helvetians of the stone age, and the Egyptians thousands of years before our era. The bread of that age shows that the grain had been crushed by beating it between two stones. It contained much sand, and to its presence is attributable the ground down state of the teeth so frequently observed in mummies and the skeletons of the lake dwellers.

"In the days of the patriarchs the Hebrews used unleavened bread, and it does not appear that they knew of any other bread before their sojourn in Egypt. The use of unleavened bread is no less ancient among the peoples of the Aryan stock. The Greeks ascribed its origin to the remote mythological ages of Ceres and Pan. In the heroic days, depicted by Homer, the Greeks had nothing but unleavened bread, and even that the poet mentions only in connection with some feasts.

"The loaves in antiquity were flat, and they were so prepared that there was no necessity to cut them; they were broken; hence the expression 'to break bread' so common among the old writers.

"Athenaeus, describing the festivals of the Gauls, remarks that 'they served the bread all broken.' According to Fortunati, the saintly Queen Radegonde lived on coarse bread, in a spirit of mortification, to habituate herself to poverty; and this was the nourishment of so many unfortunates in the sixth century. Even in this nineteenth century the use of unleavened bread is habitual in certain cantons of Spain and Italy. The griddle cake of Ireland, the pogatcha of Bosnia, the pumpernickel of Westphalia, the flad-broed of the Norwegian peasants, all are varieties of unleavened bread.

"The ancients attributed the discovery of leaven to the Egyptians, and it was from them that the Hebrews learned it.

"We learn from the dream of Pharaoh's chief baker, interpreted by Joseph, that baking had become a distinct pursuit; and that it had reached a high state of development may be fairly inferred from the chief baker's dream of the "three baskets which contained all manner of baked meats." This was nineteen centuries B. C.; and about four centuries later, when the Israelites left Egypt, leavened bread was their chief article of diet, as it was also in general use throughout the East. Herodotus tells us that Croesus erected a statue of gold to his baker in memory of his talents, and the same author tells us that the number of women engaged in making bread for Xerxes' army of 1,700,000 men was beyond count.

"The first bakers who followed their craft in Rome were slaves captured during the expedition against Philip, 171 B. C. The substitution of beer yeast for leaven appears to have been adopted by the ancient Gauls, but the custom fell into disuse, and was completely forgotten until toward the middle of the seventeenth century, when it was rediscovered in London. This innovation was very energetically opposed by the medical profession. The faculty of Paris, on being consulted by the lieutenant of police, decided profoundly, on March 4, 1668, by a vote of 45 to 30, that the leaven of beer was 'opposed to health and prejudicial to the human frame on account of its acridity, due to the decomposition of wheat and barley.' Guy-Patin and the more ardent of the physicians characterized yeast as 'villainous foam.' But public opinion favored the innovation, the factulty had to give way, and two years after the use of yeast was sanctioned by special act of parliament.

"For a long time every family continued to make its own bread. It was the universal custom among all the Germanic peoples. The terms Lord and Lady are indeed derived from the Anglo-Saxon, the first hlaford, which signifies the author or distributor of bread, and the second hloebdige, the one who employs herself about the bread. Even in France until the seventeenth century there were no bakers except in the cities.

"The bread eaters are still a minority in the world. The number of civilized persons who habitually consume wheaten bread is not estimated at more than five hundred millions. Even in Europe a great part of the population is reduced to the use of inferior bread made of coarse cereals and pulses and indifferently prepared. France grows and consumes more wheat than any other country in Europe, and numbers six millions of its population who do not even know the taste of bread made of rye, buckwheat, maize or chestnut meal. But it appears really that the world progresses only very slowly towards the realization of the familiar prayer of Christendom, 'Give us this day our daily bread.'"

AT THE NORTH POLE.

Ice-Covered Land There Instead of an Open Sea.

There is no reasonable doubt that there exists in the Arctic Ocean, somewhere in the vicinity of the north pole, an ice covered land of considerable extent. This is evident from the character of the icebergs observed at various points within the Arctic Ocean, for they are as different as different kinds of coal. The difference between the floeberg, or palaeocrystic iceberg, and the ordinary icebergs of the North Atlantic is as great and as easily distinguished as is the difference between a block of bituminous coal and one of anthracite.

The floeberg is distinguished by its tubular form, great uniformity of height, rectangular shape, nearly flat surface, perpendicular cliffs, and especially from its laminated structure. Whenever a palaeocrystic iceberg is seen in the far north before its face has suffered from the melting action of the sun, a close observer notes that it presents along its front a series of faint blue lines, separated by interstices of opaque white. These lines show a stratification due to the yearly accumulations of snow upon a nearly level surface, which are transformed gradually into ice, and each line also represents the limit or accumulation of a single year.

In a similar manner are formed the glaciers on the Alps and Greenland; but these latter ice sheets are torn, distorted and re-formed a thousand times in their descent down rapid slopes and through confining valleys of greater or less width. Floebergs, then, are parts of great ice sheets which, formed from successive snow falls over a land of no great elevation and very gentle gradients, flow downwards from its highest level in the direction of least resistance. The slope being gentle the ice moves gradually seaward, with its structure unchanged and its stratification unbroken, and passes slowly into the ocean, whence eventually its buoyancy causes it to rise and disrupt in a vast mass from the main sheet.—McClure's Magazine.

PUBLIC BATHS IN SCOTLAND.

Comparison of the Bathing Accommodation in Cities.

As illustrative of how the subject of public baths so very differently effects communities the following figures are at the present time of more than ordinary interest. Glasgow, with a population of about 658,000, has five public baths and wash-houses, which cost nearly 120,000, as well as swimming and bathing establishments, costing about £50,000, the property of five private limited liability companies. Edinburgh, the population of which is 261,000, has but one public bath and two public bathing establishments. Next in order follows Dundee, with its population of 153,000, which has three swimming baths under cover, two open-air baths, and private baths in two parts of the city, exclusive of Lochee, which is soon to have a public library and baths. Aberdeen, the population of which is 120,000, has only one public swimming bath, which cost some £5000; yet Paisley, with half the number of inhabitants, has one large swimming bath, and is likely in the very near future to spend £6000 on extending this building and adding another large pond, with perhaps Turkish baths. Greenock, the population of which is 63,000, possesses not one public bath to which the ordinary inhabitant may repair for swimming instruction or practice. There is certainly a bath in Campbell street, but it is exclusively reserved for the use of the "upper ten." Perth, population 29,000; Dunfermline 22,000, and Inverness 21,000, have each one public bathing establishment; and Alva, that little weaving village nestling at the foot of the Ochils, population 5220, has a full-fledged suite of swimming and hot or private baths all to itself. And Port Glasgow, population 14,500, is soon to have a set of swimming and private baths. Nairn, with its population of 4000, has for years had a swimming bath of its own. Coatbridge, population 30,000, Kilmarnock 28,000, Kirkcaldy 27,000, Hamilton 24,000, Arbroath 23,000, Hawick 19,000, Motherwell 18,000, Galashiels 17,000 and Stirling 17,000, are in order the most important, numerically speaking, of Scottish towns which have no swimming baths or public bathing establishments.

More than a thousand years ago Herodotus observed a remarkable custom in Egypt. At a certain season of the year the Egyptians went into the desert and cut off branches from the wild palm, and bringing them back to their gardens waved them over the flowers of the date palm. Why they performed this ceremony they did not know; but they knew that if they neglected it the date crop would be poor or wholly lost. Herodotus offers the quaint explanation that along with these branches there came from the desert certain flies possessed of a "vivific virtue," which some how lent an exuberant fertility to the dates. But the true rationale of the incantation is now explained. Palm trees, like human beings, are male and female. The garden plants, the date bearers, were females, the desert plants were males; and the waving of the branches over the females meant the transference of the fertilizing pollen dust from one to the other.—Prof. Drummond.

AUCTION SALES.

AUCTION

The Furniture in the Hotel Victoria.

DISTRAINT FOR RENT.

AMENDED NOTICE.

MONDAY, AUGUST 13, AT 11 A.M.

I will sell at the Hotel Victoria, Government and Johnson streets, under distraint for rent, the whole of the furniture contained in said premises, consisting of elaborate bar and office fixtures, dining-room and all appurtenances. The bedrooms are well furnished in oak, ash and pine suites, carpets, etc. The reception and private parlors are well furnished—valuable Brussels carpets, piano, gas and electric chandeliers. The billiard room contains one English table, two American pocket and carom tables and all fittings complete. Also the kitchen outfit.

This is a splendid opportunity for any person wishing to furnish a first class hotel. This property has been valued by two sworn appraisers at $7,140.70. It will first be offered en bloc. If the highest bid made is less than the appraised value, the property will be sold in separate lots. Purchasers are invited to inspect the goods and inventory. For further particulars apply to

G. BYRNES,
Auctioneer.

Auction of Jewellery TO-DAY.

Great Slaughter Sales

Will be held, at which every article offered will be sold, absolutely no matter what it brings. This is necessary on account of the great expense of a prolonged sale. Our positive instructions are to sell in order to clear. Attend these sales; they will be the greatest unreserved sales of Jewellery ever held here.

To-Day and To-Morrow,

at 2 p.m. and 7 p.m. respectively.

HERBERT CUTHBERT & CO.,
Auctioneers.

WEAKNESS OF MEN

Quickly, Thoroughly, Forever Cured.

by a perfected scientific method that cannot fail unless the case is beyond human aid. You feel improved the first day, feel a benefit every day; soon know yourself a king among men, mind and body. Nerve force, will, energy, brain power, when failing or lost, are restored by this treatment. Victims of abuses and excesses, reclaim your manhood! Sufferers from folly, overwork, early errors, ill health, regain your vigor. Don't despair, even if in the last stages. Don't be disheartened if quacks have robbed you. Let us show you that medical science and business honor still exist; here go in hand in hand. Write for our book with explanations and proofs. Sent sealed, free. Over 2,000 references.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. Buffalo, N. Y.

THE . . . .

WORLD'S NEWS

FOR TWO DOLLARS.

The WEEKLY TIMES is an epitome of the affairs of the world, telling its news concisely and ably presenting every important local, national or international event truthfully and impartially. It is a weekly visitor which brings the world and its doings at your door, and its cost is but two dollars for the entire year.

THE WEEKLY TIMES,

Liberal in politics, independent in its principles, it treats the living issues of the day impartially, fearlessly and truthfully. It is of the people and for the people, and it talks to the people with honest candor, seeking to set all aright on matters of local or national importance.

It Gives You the News

It tells the news, all the news, and nothing but the news. It tells the news truthfully and fairly. The WEEKLY TIMES is a pure newspaper. Bright without sensationalism; newsy without resort to questionable padding.

Tells You the Markets

It tells you the markets accurately. A careful weekly compilation of current prices for the local and national markets. It furnishes market news upon which you may deal with safety. Its market reports are alone worth the price of subscription.

Tells Your Family Bright Stories

The WEEKLY TIMES has literary departments for the women folks. It has bright bits of verse, interesting stories, tales of life; tells of woman's work and what the gentler sex is doing. Above all, the WEEKLY TIMES is a live newspaper, made for home fireside reading.

TIMES P. & P. CO.,

VICTORIA, B. C.

Canada

SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT

Owing to the absence of so many upon holidays and the dullness of trade during the hot summer months, the publishers of the Art Portfolio of Canada (which has been announced for some weeks back in these columns) have decided upon suspending publication until September 15th next.

Parts one to eight can be had upon application.

Number nine will appear September 15th and one part each week thereafter until series is completed.

Canada is a perfect gem and should have a place in every Canadian household.

Use the Victoria Times Want Columns. Moderate Cost, Amazing Results.

REWARD.

A Reward of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000) will be paid for such information as will lead to the arrest and conviction of the person or persons who, on or about the morning of the 18th inst., placed or caused to be placed or exploded, a bomb or other dangerous explosive on or near the residence of Alexander Sharp, at Wellington, in the County of Nanaimo.

Signed,

R. DUNSMUIR & SONS.

Victoria, B.C., March 16, 1894.

NO. 234.

A BY-LAW

To Amend the Revenue By-law, 1893.

Be it enacted by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Victoria as follows:

1. Section 7 of the Revenue By-Law, 1893, is hereby repealed and the following section is hereby substituted therefor and shall form part of the said by-law.

7. The procedure for enforcing sections 2 and 3 of this by-law and the schedule referred to therein shall be those prescribed by the Municipal Act, 1892. In all other cases every person who is guilty of an infraction of any of the provisions of this by-law shall, upon conviction thereof in a summary manner before the police magistrate or any two justices of the peace having jurisdiction in the said city, be liable for every such offence, and shall forfeit and pay a penalty not exceeding fifty dollars and costs, and if such penalty and costs be not paid either immediately or within such period as such police magistrate or justices may appoint, the same may be levied by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender, and in default of sufficient distress the offender may be imprisoned with or without hard labor for any term not exceeding three calendar months unless such costs and penalty be sooner paid."

This by-law may be cited as the "Revenue By-Law Amendment By-Law, 1894."

Passed the Municipal Council the 24th day of July, 1894.

Reconsidered, adopted and finally passed the Council this 30th day of July, 1894.

(L.S.) JOHN TEAGUE,
Mayor.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER, C.M.C.

NOTICE.

The above is a true copy of a by-law passed by the Municipal Council of the City of Victoria on the 30th day of July, A.D. 1894, and all persons are hereby required to take notice that anyone desirous of applying to have such by-law or any part thereof quashed, must make his application for that purpose to the Supreme Court within one month next after the publication of this by-law in the British Columbia Gazette, or he will be too late to be heard on that behalf.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

NOTICE.

Separate tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 20th day of August instant, at 4 p.m., for supplying to the Corporation the necessary engines and boilers, dynamos and lamps, complete, for the proposed Electric Light Station.

Specifications may be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

W. J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office,
Victoria, B.C., August 1, 1894.

Live Men Always Advertise.

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE,
VETERINARY SURGEON,
Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med., Soc., (Late with Dr. John Wende, V. S., of Buffalo, N. Y.) Office at Brag's Livery 100 Yamhill Street. Telephone 188; residence telephone 417. VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE,
ARCHITECT,
Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue. 1ssuf

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS,
Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence, 64 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul2-tf

MUSICAL.

GEO. W. FUGGLE,
PIANOFORTE MAKER AND TUNER.
Three years with Goodwin & Co. Orders left at factory, 75 Princess avenue; also at Jameson's book store, next postoffice. Violins Mandolins and Guitars repaired. P.O Box 422.

PIANO TUNING—Jas. Sheridan, room 7, Moody Block, cor. Yates and Broad Sts., under Imperial Photograph Gallery or Lombard's Music Store.

SCAVENGERS

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY.
The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS.
Court Vancouver No. 5935, A.O.F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month at Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited.
fo13 SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE,
No. 1, A. F. & A.M., R.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner of Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
1y13 C. DUBOIS MASON, Secretary.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE
No. 1, A. F. & A. M., R.C.R. Regular communications the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisgard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited.
1y13 J. A. BROWN, Secretary.

COLUMBIA ROYAL ARCH
Chapter, No. 128, R.R.R. Regular convocations held on the first Tuesday of every month, at Chapter Hall, Masonic Temple, Douglas street. Sojourning companions are cordially invited. R. H. SWINERTON,
1y13 Scribe E.

ST. ANDREW'S & CALEDONIAN
Society meets in their own hall, Blanchard St., on the first Friday in every month. All Scotchmen are invited to join.
R. C. SMITH, Secretary.

A. & W. WILSON,
PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS
Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Ranges, Range, etc. Repairs executed at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 188

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. HUMBER,
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College,
Has opened Dental Parlors at 93 1-2 Douglas street, next door to Odd Fellows' Hall.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.
Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

NAVAL CONTRACTS

Tenders will be received here on behalf of the Lords Commissioners of the Admiralty until noon of Saturday, the 25th August instant, for supplying such quantities of fresh beef, mutton, vegetables, soft bread, biscuit, sugar, tea, flour, salt beef, milk, butter, eggs, fowls, firewood, lime, coffins and digging graves, as may be required for naval purposes.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Forms of tender can be obtained at this office.

F. SYDNEY DORBIN,
Acting Naval Storekeeper.
Royal Naval Yard, Esquimalt, August 3, 1894.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jeweller,
68½ Yates Street.
Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.
Nickle Alarm Clocks $1.10.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,
BEACON HILL PARK.
(LATE COERIG COLLEGE.)
The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.
First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates, University, Professional, Commercial and Modern Courses.
Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply
PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.
fe13 a,m,tf,w 1y

Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE FINAL
SENIOR CHAMPIONSHIP
LACROSSE MATCH
OF THE SEASON
...On the Caledonia Grounds...
Will be played on
SATURDAY, AUG. 11.
VANCOUVER
vs. VICTORIA.
Ball faced at 3 p.m. Concert by B. C. B. G. A. Band begins at 2:30. Usual admission fee. aug9

EXCURSION
...TO... SEATTLE
Sunday, Aug. 12
The STEAMER ROSALIE will leave Turner's Wharf SUNDAY MORNING, August 12th, at 7 a.m., for Seattle. Returning will leave Seattle at 9 p.m.
FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP, $1.50.
State rooms and tickets may be procured at the Great Northern Railway office, and tickets may be obtained at H. L. Salmon's, Government street.
A Balloon Ascension takes place at Madison Street Park in the afternoon.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

LIBERAL ASSOCIATION.

There will be a meeting of the Victoria Liberal Association on Friday evening, August 10th, at 8 o'clock. Among other business, the approaching visit of Hon. Mr. Laurier will be considered. A full meeting is requested.

J. T. BETHUNE,
Secretary.

FARMER'S CONVENTION.

The quarterly meeting of the Directors of Fruit Growers' Association will be held at Agassiz on Friday, August 10, at 5 p.m.

The Dairymen's Association will meet at same place at close of Fruit Growers' meeting.

Saturday, August 11, will be a field day on the Experimental Farm. Agricultural questions will be discussed on Friday and Saturday evenings.

All interested are invited. Cheap rates of fare are being secured.

Further particulars from

A. H. B. MACGOWAN,
Secretary.
Vancouver, July 23.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—A girl about 15, to mind two children during day. Apply 40 Michigan street, near Birdcage walk. Aug8-3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—Several Thoroughbred English Pug Pups; also two thoroughbred Irish Setter Pups. Apply to W. McKeon, Oriental hotel. aug8-tf

FOR SALE CHEAP—Three cushion tire Rudge Bicycles; or to rent. C. A. Godson, 15 1-2 Broad street. a1-tf

FOR SALE—Several horses. Apply at 127 Douglas street. jly26-tf

TO LET.

TO RENT—A well furnished five room cottage; desirable location. Apply 42 Cadboro Bay road. aug9-tf

WANTED—A house to rent at $15; must be situated near centre of city, or near car line. Send particulars to "Thomas," Times office. 1y24

FURNISHED ROOMS to let by the day or week at London Block, corner Johnson and Broad streets. Mrs. M. Walker.

TO LET OR LEASE—The American Hotel, 20 room and saloon license, bar and bar-fixtures complete; central location. Apply 16 Trounce avenue or Burnes House.

LOST OR FOUND.

LOST—A pair of gold rimmed eye-glasses. Finder will we suitably rewarded by returning to Times office. a9-tf

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED—Four gentlemen to take two double bedrooms and sitting room at the rate of $1.50 per week each. Address 62 Superior street. aug8-tf

A GOLD MINE in this adv. for you. Send at once. Your name neatly printed on 12 lovely cards (hidden name), 1 package comic acquaintance cards, dictionary of dreams, songs, recipes and sheet of scraps for 15 cents. Salem Card Co., Yarmouth, N. S. j28-1m

Maternity Home
(LATE SAMARITAN.)
Removed to 190 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

Gold and Silver Extraction.
The Cassel Gold Extracting Co., Ld., of Glasgow, (the MacArthur Forrest Cyanide Process),
is prepared to negotiate with mine owners and others for the extraction of the above metals from the most refractory ores and to treat and report on samples up to one ton in weight sent to its EXPERIMENTAL WORKS, VANCOUVER.
All communications to be addressed to W. Pellew Harvey, F.C.S., Assay and Mining Office, Vancouver B.C.
All kinds of assay, analytical and mining work undertaken. je21

NOLTE'S PATENT
Accurately Adjusted.
F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians. 37 Fort Street

THE DAILY TIMES
Published every afternoon except Sunday, by the
Victoria Times Printing and Publishing Company, Limited;
At No. 37 Yates street, near Government, Victoria, B. C.
SUBSCRIPTION:
Delivered by carrier in any part of the city per week.....25 cts
By mail to any part of the world, per year.....$10.00
THE TIMES P. & P. COMPANY,
WM. TEMPLEMAN Manager

The Daily Times.

DOMINION VOTERS' LISTS.

As the revision of the Dominion voters list for Victoria will shortly be commenced it may do no harm to again remind intending voters of the need of registration. There are four alternative qualifications for electors, who are pre-supposed to be of full age, to be British subjects, and not to be disqualified by any law of the Dominion. In addition to this the would-be voter must (a) own real estate within his electoral district of the value of more than $300; (b) be a tenant of real property of a rental exceeding $24 per annum, and have been a tenant of real property within the Dominion of Canada for more than a year previous to his application; (c) be a resident in the electoral district, and have been a resident of Canada and derived an income therein of more than $300 per annum, for more than one year previous to his application; or (d) be the son of a real property owner, residing with his parents, where the property is of the value of more than $300 for each person claiming to be registered in respect thereof. Owners of property and tenants are supposed to have their names on the assessment roll, which is taken by the revising officer as the basis of the voters' list. All persons who know that their names are on the assessment roll may assume that they will be transferred to the list, and therefore need not trouble themselves at the commencement of the revision. It might be well, however, for all to take a look at the preliminary list when it is published in order to make sure that their names have been correctly transferred. Income voters and property-owners' sons must make application to the revising officer to have their names placed on the list. We may once more repeat the caution to bear in mind that this must be done at every revision, for there may still be some laboring under the wrong assumption that because they were registered in 1891 their names will be transferred from the old list to the new. Those who desire to register should do so while the preliminary revision is in progress, as registration is more certain then than at a later stage. The revising officer, Mr. Wootton, will probably in a short time announce his readiness to receive applications. The Times will, as on previous occasions, afford all the information and all the facilities within its power to those who wish to secure the franchise. It should not be forgotten that in all likelihood the list as now revised will be used at the next election for the house of commons, and that no person who desires the privilege of casting a vote at that election should miss the opportunity of putting his name on the list.

HON. MR. LAURIER'S VISIT.

At Nanaimo, Vancouver and Winnipeg the Liberals have already organized to arrange for the reception of Hon. Mr. Laurier. This will be the first time in the history of the west—certainly the first instance in the history of British Columbia—when the leader of the Liberal party has made what may be called an official visit to the country. Many prominent Liberals have visited Victoria, and political addresses have been made in this city by Messrs. Charlton, Paterson, Trow and others, but Mr. Laurier has never been in British Columbia. Our people recently heard Finance Minister Foster and the minister of agriculture, the former being the sponsor for the financial and trade policy of the government. Probably all that is now remembered of the utterances of these two apostles of protection and high taxation is the practical and common sense advice given by Mr. Angers to our agriculturists, to go more into mixed farming. Otherwise their addresses were "stale and unprofitable"; every person, even the solitary protectionist in the city, was sadly disappointed. The time is therefore opportune for the leader of the Liberal party—the freer trade party—to place before the people of Victoria the policy which they are seeking to have adopted by the people of Canada. Our citizens have been surfeited with Conservative doctrine and protectionist fallacies. They want to hear the other side, and especially do they wish to hear the high-minded and gifted Liberal leader. Victoria Liberals meet to-night in Philharmonic Hall to make arrangements for Mr. Laurier's visit. Whatever may be done to extend a welcome to the distinguished gentleman will, we feel satisfied, meet with the hearty approval of all our citizens, for Victorians are generous in their sympathies and always rise high above party in dispensing hospitality to visitors of eminence in the political world. As a prominent Canadian, as the leader of a great party and as the probable premier of the next government, Mr. Laurier will be made to feel that Victoria is not opposed to the general principles of government which he so eloquently expounds, nor to the trade policy which his party stands pledged to enforce whenever the country commands them to do so.

NATIONS AND TRADE.

Notwithstanding the confident assertions of protectionist editors that "we are having comparatively smooth sailing in Canada," in a commercial sense; and the complacency with which they persistently assure us that we are very much better off than somebody else, the average British Columbian will be apt to conclude that the unpleasant frequency of suicide from despondency, induced by business troubles; the number of mortgage foreclosures and sales under distraint for rent, and the difficulty which the most careful and prudent among us experience in making both ends meet, furnishes more reliable evidence of the true condition of things and the urgency of the need of change in our industrial and commercial system than any quantity of paid editorial palaver in defence of protection. Intelligent men suffering from commercial depression are not likely to think less seriously of their difficulties because someone else suffers even more, and once awakened by their own practical experience to the delusive character of the claims made on behalf of protection, it is but reasonable to expect that they will prefer their own judgment to the representations of those who profit at their expense.

In periods of commercial prosperity the advocates of protection are not slow to claim for protection the credit of promoting them, and to enter into an assumed investigation of the details of the process by which protection's beneficent results are accomplished. But when protection fails to do what is claimed for it; when it fails to make good times, they carefully avoid any critical investigation of the subject, and content themselves with the assertion—in protection countries—that protection is "gaining ground" in free trade England. Just now we in Canada are assured that protection is being more favorably received than ever by English "agriculturists." From this they would have us believe that English farmers and farm laborers are desirous of the trade opinions and accepting those of protectionists. In the palmy days of corn laws, who were the class that most strenuously exerted themselves to perpetuate protection in England? Agriculturists who will have themselves addressed as my lord and his grace and whose only agricultural occupation was to collect the proceeds of some other people's farming in the shape of rents, resisted to the utmost in the hereditary branch of the British legislature the act of repeal. The signs of a revival of protection in England have as yet been confined mostly to the upper house, and only there has any public man in the capacity of a legislator boldly and openly avowed himself in defence of it. This pathetic solicitude for the "farm laborers of England," on the part of men who never turned a furrow or reaped a sheaf of grain, and who in fact look upon such occupation as reserved for a semi-degraded class, is of a piece with all other protection rot for the "benefit of the working man." It is incumbent upon the defenders of protection to show from the evidence of local facts that protection here and now is of a benefit to the people of this city and province, or to admit the falsity of the whole protectionist theory. When called upon to undertake the task of explaining why with protection in full swing we are suffering from severe commercial depression; why when the earth yields bountifully in response to our toil; when millions of men are able, willing and anxious to work and other millions are willing to exchange with them for the products of their toil anything they may need; why when all the factors are here which go to make plenty and prosperity and capable of being put into active operation, we still suffer from want and depression; protectionists take refuge in the assumption that our periodically recurring depressions come from some mysterious influences beyond the power of human intelligence to discover and understand. If so, do not our prosperous times come in the same way and does not the claim of protection making them fall to the ground?

If human exertion is the only means by which human want can be supplied; if by the division of labor the efficiency of that labor can be vastly increased; and by the process of free exchange all who labor may share in that efficiency by the natural law, will not this natural law be as efficient for its purpose as any other? As the law of gravitation? If labor, division of labor and trade, produce plenty, and freedom produce equality, all that is required is that men be free to labor, and trade, to be prosperous. Freedom promotes trade, and trade promotes production. Protectionists themselves recognise this truth. We find them rejoicing at the success of the C. P. R. in establishing trade between Canada and Australia, or Japan, or China, and congratulating themselves on the benefits that will accrue in consequence to the producers of Canada, and they are so convinced of the good flowing from it as to advocate the paying of large subsidies to encourage it. But protectionists only believe in trade when it goes through channels of their own choosing, and enables them to pay big subsidies to rich companies, who can furnish election funds. Trade with Australia many thousands of miles distant is good, but trade with the United States at our very doors is bad. The Americans impose a protective tariff against us, and in self-defence we must retaliate. But the reason is lost sight of in dealing with protected Australia. Protectionists assume that trade may be good with one nation and bad with another, and that national sentiment should dictate its course. The truth is nations do not trade as nations; it is only individuals who trade, and individuals (who are not fools) do not trade on sentiment but for gain. Interference with freedom; interference with trade; interference with labor; alone can prevent prosperity. There is nothing very mysterious in this, nothing beyond the comprehension of any ordinary mind, and to understand this clearly is to understand the method, the essence and the effect of protection.

INTRA MUROS.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

It is to be hoped that Major-General Herbert will avail himself of the opening for retirement from Canada afforded by the vacancy in his regiment. The incidents connected with his career would seem to show beyond a doubt that he is much more likely to succeed as a colonel of the Guards than as commander of the Canadian militia.

Says the Toronto Mail: "When a verdict of guilty is accompanied by a recommendation to mercy the jury should state clearly the grounds of the recommendation. Hugh Lynn, who has been sentenced to be hanged in British Columbia for a double murder, is asking for a respite because the jury asked the judge to be lenient. The only sentence the court could impose under the circumstances was the gallows, and now the condemned man is looking to Ottawa for relief. The simple recommendation to mercy is not very effectual, because the duty of the jury, if there is any doubt, is to give the prisoner the benefit of it. In many cases it is only a means of shifting responsibility."

RETICENT RUSSELL SAGE.

He Will not Say What He Intends to do for Charity.

New York, Aug. 10.—A morning paper says: When Russell Sage was shown a dispatch from San Francisco saying that he is preparing a surprise for the great American public, and that when he is called on to pay his last debt to nature he will leave behind him a mighty record for charity, he seemed not in the least disturbed. Time having failed to lessen the infinite variety of requests for interviews, Mr. Sage is approached with difficulty. So the reporter simply sent in a dispatch, with the request that the financier write his affirmation or denial as the case should be, on the back of it. This is what came back: "In any event the great American public has no interest in the matter till I die. Let the great American public wait." It is quite generally known that Russell Sage has neither kith nor kin. Under the influence of his good wife, who has always devoted much time to charity, it is reported that he will build a monument to himself in the shape of a gift to needy eleemosynary institutions of a little more than $25,000,000 of his princely fortune.

A GRIEVOUS SET BACK.

Woman's Advancement Retarded by a Chicago Failure.

Chicago, Aug. 10.—The Women's Baking Company, which began its existence less than three years ago with a capital stock of $250,000 under the sole guidance of progressive womanhood, has passed into the hands of a receiver. The assignment was decided upon at a meeting of the directors held in the Masonic Temple to-day. The assets were quoted at $4500 and the liabilities at the same figure. George W. Ross, an attorney, was made assignee. The woes of the women bakers since the incipiency of the company have been sufficient to fill volumes. Internal bickerings and dissensions have slowly melted away the capital of the concern, and the desire of certain aspiring women to rule has brought about rapid and certain ruin. In resolutions passed by the board on handing the company over to a receiver, a dissipation of the capital is freely hinted at, and they even go so far as to suggest fictitious assets. Charges and counter-charges of mismanagement have been open and frequent. As one young woman expressed it, this has set the course of woman's advancement in the commercial world back 20 years.

Siam Bankrupt.

San Francisco, Aug. 10.—Dr. McKean, an old resident of Siam, was a passenger on the City of Peking. He says that since the payment of one million dollars by Siam as indemnity to France the country has been nearly bankrupt.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!
It quickly cures
Cuts, Burns, Corns, Bruises, Chilblains, Bunions, Cracks between the Toes, Scalds, Piles, Swellings, Ulcers, Stiff Joints, Old Sores, Inflammation of all kinds, Lame Back, Pimples, Rheumatism, Pustules, Caked Breasts, Eruptions, Diseased Tendons, Contracted Muscles, And all Lameness and Soreness.
Langley & Co., Wholesale Agents for B.C.

To the Electors: See Our Special Line of WALL PAPERS, then vote J. W. MELLOR, Fort Street, Above Douglas.

BRIEF LOCALS

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—Fine fishing rods and tackle at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—Carter House billiard and pool parlors, Duck Building, Broad street. tf.

—Judge W. Norman Bole, of the county court, has received an appointment as dyking commissioner for Maple Ridge.

—The Globe Savings & Loan company have received a certificate of registration. The head office of the company is in Toronto.

—This is polling day at McDame's creek in the Cassiar district. The results of the voting in lower Cassiar will probably be down by the next boat.

—We are just in the midst of the "friut season," and Weilers are selling their preserve jars, etc., in large quantities, and why? They are Mason's and the best you can get. *

—The reservations placed upon crown lands in sections 32, 33 and 34, township 99, and sections 3, 4, 9 and 10 in township 100, Kamloops division of Yale, has been cancelled and these sections will be again open to pre-emption for three months.

—The Kootenay Mining and Smelting company has been registered. The principal place of business is Pilot Bay. The capital stock of the company is two million three hundred thousand dollars, divided into twenty-three thousand shares of one hundred dollars each.

—As announced in the last Gazette, His Honor the Lieut.-Governor has been pleased to depute the Hon. John Herbert Turner, minister of finance and agriculture, to execute marriage licenses, money warrants and commissions, under any statute of the legislative assembly of British Columbia, during the absence of His Honor from the seat of government.

—F. R. McD. Russell, Vancouver; H. O. Alexander, Vancouver; W. de V. le Maistre, Vancouver; F. J. Hutcheson, Victoria; Osborne Plunkett, Vancouver; C. J. Brenton, Victoria, and A. B. Gray, jr., Victoria, were all successful in passing the intermediate law examinations, and now press on to the glad day when "my learned friend" will fall upon their listening ears.

—The two trial shipments of the Hall mines ore have shown very good results according to the reports. One, of first grade ore, assayed at Swansea, 146 oz. silver and 12 3-8 per cent. copper to the ton of 2240 pounds, and the other, of second grade ore, assayed at Denver, Col., 93.03 oz. silver, 0.13 gold and 10.98 per cent. copper per ton of 2000 pounds. Under recent development work this property is rapidly assuming an excellent working condition.

—Extensive arrangements are being made for the reception and entertainment of Hon. Wilfrid Laurier, who is expected to arrive in Victoria about September 10th. The Victoria Liberal association will hold a meeting in Philharmonic hall this evening to consider ways and means. Committees will be appointed to handle the various departments of the reception exercises, and every effort will be made to render the distinguished gentleman's stay in this section a pleasant and memorable one.

—There is a magic in the perfect costume. It makes beauty more powerful than the sovereign. It is the brilliant setting for beauty; and for those who have not the conquering power of looks, it lends the illusion of them. Some ladies say: "It is not so much the material as the make-up." But the right material must be there or you cannot have a creation. Priestly's dress fabrics are noted for the beautiful result they realize in the hands of the modiste, draping and fitting the figure with exquisite grace. The trade mark is "The Varnished Board."

—Mrs. Mary Hodges, for many years a resident of Victoria, died at her home, 335 Johnson street, last night. Deceased was a native of Baltinglass, Wicklow, Ireland, and was 64 years of age. She leaves a husband, one son and three daughters. Coming to Victoria on the Jonathan, Mrs. Hodges and her husband established a business at the corner of Pandora and Douglas streets which was carried on successfully for a long time. The funeral will take place from the residence and St. Andrew's R. C. cathedral to-morrow morning.

—The chief commissioner of lands and works has gazetted a call for tenders for the construction and maintenance of a ferry across the Thompson river at Kamloops. The tenders will be opened at noon of Monday, the 20th inst., and the terms are as follows: The person obtaining a charter will be required to provide, at his own cost, a substantial scow, capable of carring a team and wagon with a load of two thousand pounds, and to ply the same with cars between the hours of 7 a.m. to 6 p.m., except one hour at noon, during each of the working days of the week, free of charge to the public. Persons tendering must state the amount of the annual subsidy to be paid by the government, and also guarantee faithful service by a $500 bond in the name of two sureties.

—The local delegates to the first Provincial Grand Lodge of the C. O. O. F. returned from Chilliwack yesterday evening. On Wednesday the following Grand Lodge officers were elected and immediately installed into their respective positions: Provincial grand master, W. J. Dwyer, Victoria; provincial deputy master, J. Hilbert, Vancouver; provincial grand secretary, W. F. Fullerton, Victoria; provincial grand treasurer, R. Carter, Victoria; provincial grand warden, C. B. Deans, Aldergrove; provincial grand inside guard, L. D. Cummings, Victoria; provincial grand outside guard, G. H. Hugh, Wellington. The following day was spent in the consideration of the subordinate lodge constitution and the appointment of committees. The session closed with a banquet at the Leland hotel. Victoria will get the next meeting, which is called for May, 1895.

—Family scales at McLennan & McFeely's. *

—A Japanese consulate is to be established at Port Townsend.

—Guaranteed razors and outfits at Fox's, 78 Government street. *

—The steamer City of Kingston is to bring an excursion party over from Seattle on Sunday.

—You can combine pleasure with labor by the use of the "Acme" or "Peerless" clothes wringers. Weiler Bros. have them.

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra calf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams, 28 Broad street.

—The stamer Arawa, from Australian ports, is expected some time to-night. She should bring important Samoan and Hawaiian news, as well as the colonial mail. It is also possible that she may speak some vessel at Honolulu and obtain some late Corean advices.

—George Hunt, of Alert Bay, was busy in the Indian department this afternoon in the Koskamo reserve cases. Koskamo is located on Rupert arm, and some of the property held by the settlers in that vicinity is claimed by the Indians as being within the limits of the reserve.

—Reeve Cawley and Clerk Mellard, of the municipality of Chilliwack, this morning interviewed the government respecting the roads and bridges in their district destroyed by the recent floods. Nothing definite was arrived at, but another conference will be held before the visitors return home.

—The ships so far chartered to load salmon for the United Kingdom are: German bark Senta, Fraser river, 36s 3d; British ship City of Glasgow, Victoria, 37s 6d; British bark Carryvrechan, Victoria, 36s 3d; British ship Clan Robertson, Fraser river and Victoria, 33s 9d; British schooner Rimac, Victoria, 38s 9d.

—Mong Kow reports that it is now two months since any direct shipments of merchandise have been made from Hong Kong to this port. The effects of the plague have been such that most of the large exporting houses are closed and left only in the care of a few watchmen. Among the Chinese merchants little or no effort is being made to handle goods.

—John McNeill, of the fire department, has been playing in hard luck recently. He is still suffering from the effects of the sulphuric acid burns received the other day, and this morning he got an additional injury. The hose reel was being unwound in making some of the tests. McNeill made an attempt to catch the end of a length when the coupling came around and struck him on the forehead. A stiff visor and a badge broke the blow, which inflicted a bad gash on the scalp. Dr. Fraser stitched up the cut and sent the man home.

—The programme of music to be played at the lacrosse game to-morrow by the B. C. B. G. A. band follows:

March—"Nahant" ..... Thomas
Overture—"Il Trovatore" ..... Verdi
Waltz—"Idalia" ..... Bennet
Gavotte—"The Little Flatterer" .. Ellenberg
Selection—"Crazy Quilt" ..... Rogers
March—"Accidental" ..... Sousa
Pottpourie—"From Il Popullito" .. Bennesett
Waltz—"Nineta" ..... Bennet
Ethiopian Dance—"On the Levee" ... Collins
Mazourka—"Le Qingara" ..... Hicks
Selection—"Esnania" ..... Verdi
Gallop—"Champion Walker" ..... Rogers
God Save the Queen.

—The programme of the concert to be given by the B. C. B. G. A. band at the Mount Baker hotel, Oak Bay, on Saturday evening, follows:

PART FIRST.

March—"Liberty Bell" ..... Sousa
Overture—"Macbeth" ..... Verdi
Request number .....
Schottische—"Mamie" ..... Arr. Finn

PART SECOND.

Hunting Scene, descriptive piece. Bucollast
Piano solo—"Le Reviel du Lion" .. Kontski
Prof. M. Stoel.
Request number .....
Waltzes—"Edinburg" ..... Bonnesseau
God Save the Queen.

Note—The piano solo by Prof. H. M. Stoel will take place in the hotel parlors.

Father, in thy gracious keeping,
Leave me now thy servant sleeping.

This was the closing hymn of the very impressive burial services conducted at Christ Church cathedral this morning. It was the funeral of the late Rev. S. C. Schofield, whose remains were brought from Kamloops last night. This morning at 8 o'clock holy communion was celebrated at the cathedral, and at 10.30 the burial services were held, Rt. Rev. Bishop Perrin and all the clergy of the church in the city and the surpliced choir being present. The bishop read the burial service. Several hundred people were present, all of whom were deeply impressed. The floral offerings were very numerous and particularly handsome. The clergy acted as pall bearers. At the cemetery burial services were also conducted by the bishop.

—In their monthly freight and shipping report for July, R. P. Rithet & Co., say: Business limited and dull is again the burden of our summary of the month. It is true that the lumber charters reported are more than might be expected, but it will be noticed that a large number of the vessels are coasters, whose tonnage is limited. A revival of demand from Sydney, and the initiation of a trade with Egypt, are features in the lumber market worthy of attention. As is usual at this season, there is practically nothing to report with regard to grain vessels. From San Francisco to Cork, f.o., the rate is nominally 25s., while from northern ports vessels have been fixed for new crop loading at 31s. 3d., to 32s. 6d. For immediate loading one charter is reported at 25s. from Portland. The season's requirements of salmon tonnage are now fairly well provided for at 37s. 6d., to 38s. 9d. to London or Liverpool, from this port and the Fraser river. One large vessel has however been fixed at 33s. 9d., to load part cargo on the river and part here.

"CORONAS" $4 per doz.
Former price $7, and a large
CRAYON, $1.
"Coronas are the latest and most beautiful style of Photo, larger than Cabinets and finished on heavy embossed white enamel mounts. Skene Lowe, 63 Government street.

BEST-CARED-FOR HORSES.

Special Prizes Offered by the Victoria Electric R. and L. Co.

The street railway company offer special prizes for the best-cared-for hack, express and cart horses, to be awarded at the agricultural and industrial exhibition, as under. There will probably be considerable competition, for notwithstanding the neglected and badly-cared-for condition of many of the horses to be seen on the streets, there are a large number of careful and humane drivers who will seek to win the prizes and the honor attaching to the award. The conditions are:

For best cared for hack team owned by individual hackman that has been regularly driven in a hack for not less than 6 months $20 00

For best cared for express horse owned by individual expressman, that has been regularly driven in an express wagon for not less than 6 months $10 00

For best cared for dray horse owned by individual drayman, that has been regularly used as a dray horse for not less than 6 months $10 00

For best cared for butcher's or grocer's horse, that has been regularly driven in a butcher's or grocer's cart for not less than 6 months .. $10 00

All of the above to have been driven regularly for a period of six months prior to date of exhibition, and no prize to be given unless in judges' opinion the horse or horses have been properly cared for.

WHITE FAN TAN.

McDonell and Jackson in the Police Court for Running Games.

The gambling cases came up again in the police court this morning. The question of jurisdiction was again raised by the court and argued at considerable length by counsel for both sides, as both appeared to desire that the magistrate should proceed with the case. The point was reserved by the court and the prosecution in the case of John McDonell proceeded.

Ah Hoon was called to the box. Mr. S. Perry Mills, for the defence, insisted that the witness be sworn in true Chinese fashion, and stated that the fowl was ready. After a pause Mr. Mills again stated that he had just then been informed that the cutting off of the head would not be considered binding unless the oath was administered by a joss priest. In this case he thought it might be dispensed with.

Ah Wing was then called to act as interpreter, and the name of Ah Hoon went up in smoke in the usual manner.

Ah Hoon then proceeded: I live in Fook Jew's, Fisgard street. I have been to that house. It was on Sunday, the 29th July. I know the defendant, Jack McDonell. When I went to that number I found some one watching the door in the hallway. The door is at the far end and on one side of the hall. The door is made of thick lumber and shuts from the inside. The door was open and I went in through it to the Fan Tan house. I know what gambling is. The room is quite large and contained a low seat or bench and some tables.

(Mr. Mills thought that some signs made by the prosecuting Chinaman were intended to convey information to the witness. Could they be stopped?)

A man was sitting at one of the tables dealing Fan Tan. It was after eight o'clock in the evening on the Sunday mentioned when I went into the room. There were between ten and twenty people in the room, all Chinamen. They were playing Fan Tan. There were some white men there. Jack McDonell was then dealing Fan Tan at the long table.

Witness at this point entered into a lengthy description of the method by which Fan Tan is played. The counters consist of "cash," brass coins with a square hole in the centre. Ten of these are worth one cent. Some lead "cash" are used to "capper the corners."

At this point the court took a recess until two o'clock.

At the opening of the court for the afternoon session the press table was turned into an impromptu counter and by means of a portion of a "lay out" borrowed from Chinatown the court proceeded to study Fan Tan as she are played." The witness Ah Hoon deftly and little buttons, explaining after each and little buttons, explaining fater each move how much had been won and lost by Mr. Crease, who furnished the coin and asked the questions. A smile of pity played over the faces of the Mongolians present when the court failed to understand why a red strip pointing s.e. by e. meant 90 cents on the off corner, and the same strip turned south indicated a loss of 25 cents. The game was in progress all the afternoon.

PERSONAL.

W. L. Ogle left this morning for Toronto.

T. F. Currie and wife, of Seattle, are at the Driard.

Capt. Delgarduo, of Port Townsend, is at the Oriental.

Chas. Van Ness, of Nelson, registered at the Oriental last evening.

Lieut.-Governor Dewdney intends spending several weeks on the Mainland.

O. M. Vesper, vice-president of R. D. Welch & Co., San Francisco, is in the city.

G. S. Fitch and the Misses A., O., W. and Y., Fitch, of Auburn, Wash., are at the Driard.

Hon. James M. E. O'Grady and E. Van Voorhis, of Rochester, N. Y., are at the Driard.

Supt. Marpole, of the C.P.R., and George McL. Brown, district passenger agent, are at the Driard.

Mrs. Coughtrey and son, of Vancouver, are in the city. They leave for California this evening.

Mrs. J. G. Cox and Miss Cox returned last evening from Port Blakely where they have been visiting friends.

Mrs. H. U. Cobb, Miss B. Cobb, Miss L. Le Mire and Mrs. J. A. Thomas, of St. Paul, wives and daughters of Great Northern Railway men, are spending the day in the city. They are at the Oriental.

Labor Saved . . .
By using Findley's Soaps. Special attention is called to Findley's Borax Soap for washing flannel wear, they will not shrink or discolor, but be soft and white if washed by this soap.
. . . WORKS: Cor. Herald and Govt. Sts.

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SUGAR REFINERY
...PRICE LIST...

Granulated, in Bbls., or 100 lb., Bags	4½c. per lb
Yellow, according to quality,	3⅞ to 4¼c. "
Paris Lumps, in Bbls. or 100 lb. bags,	5½c. "
Powdered, Icing and Bar, in Bbls.	6c. per lb.

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Payment by Spot Cash. All prices subject to change without notice.

The Company guarantee their Sugars to be absolutely pure.
Their Sugars are superior to any other in the market. Every dealer in Victoria knows this.
Consumers do not obtain more weight of inferior sugar for the dollar than they do of the British Columbia product; then why not have the best and at the same time support native industry.

When You Ask for B. C. Sugar See That You Get It.

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51 to 55 Fort Street.
The following Goods have been received during the last few days:
RATTAN AND BAMBOO GOODS, Great Variety,
WILTON HEARTH RUGS, Special Value,
SEAMLESS WILTON SQUARES, All Sizes,
SEAMLESS TAPESTRY SQUARES, Various Sizes,
BORDERED COCOA MATS,
FIGURED JAPANESE CREPES.

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Bring or send this Coupon with 10c. to the Times office and Part 18 of "America Photographed" will be handed to you. If sent by mail 2 cents extra will be required for postage. Cut out now and present before the end of this week as this coupon will be withdrawn at that time. Subscribers requiring portfolios to be sent by mail, to avoid writing a letter for each, may remit for the whole series or any part thereof, and portfolios will be mailed as issued.

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ADVERTISE IN THE DAILY TIMES
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THE CHINESE NAVY.

Good Ships, Well Manned, but Poorly Officered.

When Captain Lang, R. N., was permitted to leave their service four years ago, it was generally considered that the Chinese naval authorities had committed a fatal mistake. The organization of the nascent fleet had made astonishing progress under that devoted officer, and it was, I believe, his own opinion that another two or three years of unremitting labor would have brought the Chinese navy up to the point of being able to hold its own on the high seas. When, therefore, he was intrigued out of the service by his own subordinates, who proved themselves for that occasion stronger than the strongest minister of the empire, it was predicted that the Chinese fleet would soon lose its training and degenerate into a disorderly mass of corruption. While I confess to have shared in these apprehensions, candor compels me to say that they have not as yet been realized. The Chinese fleet has not only kept the sea, but to outward appearance has made considerable progress since 1890. Without a single European officer, except a German engineer here and a German gunner there, the fleet has made extensive cruises every year, free from accidents of any kind. It has just gone through its second triennial inspection by the viceroy, Li Hung Chang, and another imperial commissioner, General Ting, and has knocked about the various ports in the Gulf of Pechili in a way to test at least the efficiency of engines and boilers, and the manoeuvring skill of the officers. The ships have been moved about in perfect order; both in target practice under steam and in evolutions in open water they have acquitted themselves as well as possible, and in ten days' operations not the slightest hitch has occurred. As I write the ships are flaunting their many-colored bunting in the bay before me, H. M. S. Centurion and the French flagship Bayard keeping them company in expending much powder in honor of the Queen.

The warships—exclusive of yachts carrying the commissioners and their suites—which took part in the display, were twenty in all—the Pei Yang, or northern squadron, eleven ships; the Nan Yang, or southern (Nankin) squadron, six ships; and the Canton squadron, three ships. Of these, the only vessels of any importance are those of the Pei Yang squadron, and their names, in the order in which they sailed are as follows:

Ting Yuen (flag), 6, iron armor-plated barbette, 7335 tons, 6000 horse power, built in Stettin.

Chen Yuen (commodore), sister ship.

King Yuen and Lai Yuen, sister ships, 4, armored cruisers, 2900 tons, 5700 horse power, built in Stettin.

Chao Yung and Yang Wei, sisters, 6, steel armored cruisers, 1350 tons, 2400 horse power, built by Armstrong.

Chi Yuen, 3, steel cruiser, 2300 tons, 2800 horse power, built in Stettin.

Chih Yuen and Ching Yuen, sisters, 5, steel cruisers, 2300 tons, 7600 horse power, built by Armstrong.

There are other effective vessels belonging to the northern squadron, which took no part in the manoeuvres—notably six Armstrong gunboats, 'alphabetical,' each carrying one 35-ton gun. Half of these are kept in dock, but they are perfectly efficient. I made a trip in one, steaming easily nine knots, and with everything in good order.

Though as ships the southern squadrons are more or less abortions, they are well armed; indeed, the best firing was done by one of the Canton vessels—from French guns, I believe.

The concentration of the naval strength of China in the north is due to two things—that the Gulf of Pechili is the invader's road to the capital, and that it is the viceroy of the northern province who is the actual leader in organizing the national defence. The impulse which has brought the navy and coast defences up to their present state of efficiency has not been expended. On the contrary, the energy which has been thrown into the inspection just concluded show that the question of national defence is pressing seriously on the government. For eleven days two high officials, over 70 years of age, have been laboring incessantly from morning to night, climbing up and down ladders of ships, scrambling over forts, watching drills, examining schools, giving audience to innumerable commanders, and directing the new works to be undertaken. The Tartar general, who has never before seen the sea, and who, moreover, is really infirm, is only, of course, a nominal coadjutor to Li Hung Chang, on whom rests the sole responsibility. Well aware that the mere possession of costly ships and modern guns goes only a little way towards affording national security, the Viceroy Li seems resolved to have the crews as well trained as possible. The schools of instruction are vigorously supported, competent officers are at their head, and the results are surprisingly good. The Chinese are a teachable people and there is no kind of exercise at which they do not quickly become expert. The battalion drill of the bluejackets at Wei-haiwei, who have been trained by Lieut. Bourchier, R. N., excited universal admiration. The exercises could not have been better done; the men were smart and evidently in the best spirits. They do semaphoring work exceedingly well, and in fact everything that can be taught by men to men, the Chinese learn and practice well.

The scientific branches are also well looked after. They have German torpedo instructors, English and German gunnery instructors, and professors of astronomy, chemistry, mathematics, etc. The Chinese officers are consequently perfectly trained in everything that pertains to the naval profession, and they are apt pupils, as every tutor who has had to do with the education of Chinese youths will testify.

They are handicapped by having not only to learn, but practically to carry on their work in a foreign language. This, in the navy, is English. The signal book, compiled by Captain Lang, is in English, and the drill books, in which the proper drill for every gun in the service has been elaborated by Lieut. Bourchier, are also in English. The peculiar structure of Chinese necessitates the use of some alphabetical language, for Chinese ideographs cannot be telegraphed. Hence the men have to learn at least as much English as enables them to spell out words in semaphoring, and the officers are obliged thus to communicate in English.

There is still a great hankering after some foreigner competent to take the place of Captain Lang; but no western power could lend an officer nor could any officer accept the service except on conditions which the Chinese can never grant. In the schools a man of character and tact may maintain his position without sacrificing his dignity or usefulness. But it is not easy. In the executive service it is impossible for any foreign officer to gain such authority as would alone enable him to do himself justice. Whatever language may be used in speeches, letters or even agreements, the Chinese will never give any foreigner authority in their militant service. And if anyone were to imagine that he had in the fate of the Lay-Osborne flotilla and of Captain Lang would be repeated.

But, unfortunately for China, it is precisely in the internal economy of the ships where the foreign director is least tolerated that he is most needed. No true estimate can be formed of the value of the Chinese navy without taking into account that which is hidden from view. The muscles may be all right and yet the viscera diseased. It is rather a wide question, and cannot be put in a nutshell; but, if one could get at it, the secret relations of the officers of the navy with each other would give the key to that important problem—How could the Chinese fleet comport itself in the face of the enemy? The men are, beyond doubt, splendid material, docile and muscular. Taken from the ranks of the poor, and for the first time in their lives well fed, well washed, well clad, they become transformed in a greater degree than our own bumpkins when drilled and set up. Any man might be proud to command them.

But have the men reason to be proud of their officers? They see their superiors from the admiral down to the cabin steward, greatly addicted to gambling. The highest officers are reported to be lucky; in fact, a considerable part of the monthly pay is popularly, perhaps jocularly, supposed to circulate in the back current through their fingers. Then the clan system is still rampant. Competent men are shelved in favor of brothers and nephews with no qualifications. Everybody knows that under the family system of China poor relations swarm around every man who gets on, and the navy is no exception. They can by no means be shaken off, and as they cannot all be supplied with cash, every nerve is strained to provide them with the means of living, no matter at whose or what expense. Sir Joseph Porter, with his cousins whom he recognized on his 700 days, would be no burlesque in China. This is one of the rotten places in the Chinese navy.

There are others—systematic peculations, the contract system, with its division of the spoils, the starving of the needs of the service in order to put money into the pockets of the officers, and matters of that sort, winked at by those in authority for good reasons.

To the foreign onlooker it seems impossible that either loyalty to the government or a proper esprit du corps can co-exist with these gross abuses, and it is on such premises that the expectation of a collapse in the Chinese navy is founded.

But these same phases of official corruption prevail throughout the civil administration, and have done so from time immemorial. Yet the government goes on, and, indeed, it is a question whether, with all its faults, the government of China is not on the whole as successful as that of any western state. The same things have not in all cases the same significance. In the west if one saw a ship dirty she would properly be pronounced inefficient; not necessarily so in Oriental countries. An officer gambling with his sentry would be incompatible with any kind of discipline at all in any country but China; but it would be rash to build even on such a fact as that, a theory of the worthlessness of the Chinese navy. What the fleet really would do in an emergency it would be rash in any man to predict. For the present the ships cruise about in company, visiting neighboring countries, make a brave show, never collide with each other, or even get their paint scratched.

Probably the safest ground of confidence in the future and ultimate fighting value of the Chinese navy is the evident determination of the imperial government to make it efficient. They will make many mistakes, they will waste enormous sums, they will be nearly strangled by time-honored abuses; but they are a dogged people, with large resources, and, as a nation, massive.—Chefoo Correspondence of the London Times.

A BLOOD-SUCKING WORM.

It is so Monstrous as to Scare the Africans.

Speaking of wild beasts that are at once large, ferocious and African, a correspondent sends an interesting note about an earthworm. Africa has already produced the largest earthworm (microchoeta rappi) known to science, with the possible exception of megascolides australis from Australia, but these are giants of a perfectly harmless kind. The worm to which we now refer is said by Alvin Millson, assistant colonial secretary at Lagos, on the west coast of Africa, to inspire dread among the natives of that coast.

Its appearance is against it; the worm is not only large—three or four feet—but it is either of a rich, raw-beefy color or a lowering black, the difference of color being a mark of difference of species. On one occasion a number of natives were collected together when one of these giants strolled casually into the camp. The result appears to have been a rapid flight on the part of the natives. The reason for the awe-inspiring character of the worm is its reputed habit of sucking blood.

It does not seem probable that the most recent results of zoological research are known in tropical Africa, but it is a curious coincidence that this research has tended to show that the line of separation between the leeches and earthworms is by no means so wide as it was at one time thought to be. This big earth worm of West Africa inhabits a locality that is remarkable; it does not, as do most earth-worms, burrow constantly in the ground, throwing up castings, but lives in deserted hills of termites.—Philadelphia Ledger.

In cases where dandruff, scalp diseases, falling and greyness of the hair appear, do not neglect them, but apply a proper remedy and tonic like Hall's Hair Renewer.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

FRENCH CARRIER PIGEONS.

The Military Authorities Require Them to be Registered.

According to La France Militaire, the French minister of war is bringing in a bill compelling pigeon fanciers under a threat of penalties for every omission, and enjoining the local authorities to make monthly inspections of the dovecots in their districts in order to verify the owner's reports. A prominent pigeon breeder points out the impracticability of these proposals, and the injustice of punishing the owner in the event of stray pigeons having crept into his cote, or some of his having gone astray, whilst actual cases of treasonable practices could be dealt with under the laws against espionage. Considering the important role which carrier pigeons are likely to play in any future war, he thinks that greater encouragement ought to be given to French breeders. He estimates the number of carrier pigeons kept in France at 18,000 to 20,000, which are trained by some twenty societies. In Germany something like £2500 has been voted for the military carrier pigeon service, and at present some six thousand to eight thousand pigeons are expressly being trained for army purposes; whilst societies exist to the number of about 200, owning between them something like 300,000 pigeons. A pigeon two or three years old can travel up to 300 and even 600 miles, attaining a speed of 1300 yards a minute. As a remarkable instance in connection with this subject, a Munich pigeon trainer reported that a pigeon he sent to Strasburg in May of last year to compete in a Strassburg to Munich pigeon contest, and which he had given up for lost, has just returned home after a little over a year's absence. Its identity is proved beyond doubt by its mark and number.

Ayer's Hair Vigor is cleanly, agreeable, beneficial, and safe. It is the most elegant and the most economical of toilet preparations. By its use ladies can produce an abundant growth of hair, causing it to become natural in color, lustre, and texture.

Argyle House.

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Challies reduced from 25c to 20c a yard.
Challies reduced from 20c to 15c a yard.
English Sateens from 25c to 20c a yard.
Ladies' Wool Jerseys at cost price.
Fourteen yards Canton Flannel for $1.
Lace Curtains at 50c a pair.
Ladies' Belts still at cost price.
One case more of those Double Width Serges, so good for children's school dresses, at 25c a yard.
White Calico, 5c a yard.
Unbleached Calico, 5c a yard.

A Large Quantity of Remnants at Prices Which Make Them all Bargains.

J. Horner & Co.

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Real Estate.

TO Lease—1 farm of 67 acres, 6 miles from city, water front, $150 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 9 miles from city with new 8-room house, etc., $250 per year; 1 farm of 100 acres, 20 miles from city, close to Sidney & Victoria Railway, cottage, stables, etc., $200 per year.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE for city or suburban property, ranch 320 acres, 14 miles from Calgary, N.W.T.; 2 good roads to property; 265 acres fenced; 30 acres bush; good black soil; Elbow river crosses property; 2 good springs; well settled district; church, school, store, post office, blacksmith shop, shoe factory, all within one and two miles. Price $2,500.

80 ACRES, PARTLY CLEARED, WITH house and stable, close to railway station; a good chicken and fruit farm; cheap.

THREE LOTS, 60x148 EACH; Splendid position; close to Fowl Bay; good level land; a bargain ($650) or singly, $225 each. Postoffice box 561.

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3 00 am Lv	22 ... Seattle...	26 Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am Ar	110 ... *Tacoma...	M 1 Lv	8 00 am

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Direct connections made at Wenatchee with steamers to and from Lake Chelan and the Okanagan country. At Bonner's Ferry with steamers from Kaslo, Ainsworth, Nelson and other points in the Kootenay mining district. At Jennings with steamer for Fort Steele. At Shelby Junction and Havre for Great Falls, Helena and Butte.

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FOR HONOLULU ONLY

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For passage apply to 128 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Spacious New Iron Steel Screw Steamer Alameda..Thursday, August 23rd, at 2 p.m. or immediately on arrival of the Eastern mail

J. D. SPRECKELS & BROS. CO., General Agents.

or W. WEBSTER, Harbor Agent. R. E. CONNON, Agent, Station Wharf, Victoria

CAPT. WM. WEBSTER, Agent for Puget Sound Territory.

PACIFIC COAST S. S. CO'Y

Dispatch a steamer

Every 5 days for San Francisco

Carrying Her Majesty's Mails

FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M

Walla Walla - - August 11

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 23,

Taking effect June 28th, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 15:30 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P.R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leaves Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 15:30 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING, Manager.

G. A. CARLETON, General Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO 19

To Take Effect at 9.00 a.m. on Thursday, October 27th, 1892.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

SOUTH BOUND. READ UP.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fri's and Sundays.	STATIONS.	Miles from Victoria.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN.	No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3 Passenger Fri's and Sundays.
	Ar.	Ar.				Dp.	Dp.
	12 55 p m	8 00 p m	VICTORIA			8 00 a m	2 00 p m
	12 50 "	7 55 "	RUSSELLS	5		8 05 "	2 05 "
	12 30 "	7 35 "	SIDGWICK	8		8 25 "	2 25 "
	12 10 "	7 15 "	GOLDSTREAM	11		8 45 "	2 45 "
	11 55 "	7 00 "	GOLDSTREAM JCT.	13		8 55 "	2 55 "
	11 50 "	6 55 "	SHAWNIGAN LAKE	15		9 00 "	3 00 "
	11 35 "	6 40 "	COBBLE HILL	19		9 20 "	3 20 "
	11 27 "	6 32 "	MALAHAT	22		9 28 "	3 28 "
	11 17 "	6 22 "	DUNCANS	27		9 38 "	3 38 "
	10 55 "	6 00 "	SOMENOS	35		9 59 "	4 00 "
	10 45 "	5 50 "	CHEMAINUS	42		10 09 "	4 10 "
	10 15 "	5 20 "	QUALICUM	58		10 40 "	4 40 "
	9 55 "	5 00 "	WELLINGTON	64		11 00 "	5 00 "
	Ar.	Ar.				Dp.	Dp.
	9 30 a m	4 35 p m	NANAIMO	70		10 30 a m	5 30 p m
	9 00 "	4 05 "	WELLINGTON JCT.	75		10 00 "	5 00 "

ON FRIDAYS, SATURDAYS AND SUNDAYS

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Sunday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, President. JOSEPH HUNTER, Gen'l Supt.

H. K. PRIOR, Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

QUICK TIME !!!

TO SAN FRANCISCO

—AND—

ALL POINTS IN CALIFORNIA,

Via the all Direct Route of the

Southern Pacific Company

The Great Highway through California to all Points East and South

Grand Scenic Route of the Pacific Coast

PULLMAN BUFFET SLEEPERS.

Pullman Tourist Sleeping Cars Attached to Express Trains, affording superior accomodations for second-class passengers.

For rates, tickets, sleeping car reservation etc., call upon or address

THOS. A. GRAHAM, Dist. Pass. Agent, No. 1106 Pacific Ave. Tacoma, Wash.

E. P. ROGERS, Asst. Gen. Fgt. and Pass. Agent.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

STEAMER

JOAN

J. B. BUTLER, Master

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria.....Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox.....Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Union Wharf Thursday at 7 a.m. for Nanaimo returning to Union Wharf same day.
" Comox for Nanaimo.....Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria.....Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to [illegible] are discontinued.

For [illegible] apply on board, or at the Company's office, 42 Broad street.

Neglege Shirts Just Received 20 doz. Fine Outing Shirts, Neck Ties to match; Prices $1, $1.25 and $1.50. This is a Job Line and will be Sold cheap.

B. WILLIAMS & CO., 97 Johnson St.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Miscellaneous Business Transacted at Last Night's Meeting.

The board of school trustees met last evening, Chairman Hayward presiding. The other members present were Trustees Lovell, Saunders, Glover and Marchant.

Mr. Collis asked that his children be allowed to go to the South ward school, as he intended to remove into that school district in the middle of the term. The request was granted.

Applications for positions on the teaching staff were received and filed.

Miss Dowler acknowledged her appointment as teacher in the North ward school.

Powell & Lampman, solicitors, notified the board of the result of the Globe Furniture company's suit, the board being advised not to pay Muirhead & Mann, the contractors, for the desks until further advised.

The question of supplying the pupils with pens and ink was referred to the supply committee to report.

Mrs. J. Welsh, of Victoria West requested that her younger boy be allowed to continue at the Central school, as her elder son was attending the High school.

A trustee asked why it was that all the communications asking for changes came from Victoria West.

Trustee Glover said one gentleman had said he wished his children to be sent to the Central school on account of the principal of the Victoria West school.

Mrs. Welsh's letter was received and filed.

A county court summons and a solicitor's letter were read. The former was a garnishee and the latter a lien on cordwood supplied to the schools by A. J. Rowbotham.

Applications for supplies for the North and South ward schools were referred to the supply committee.

The principals will be supplied with maps of the school districts.

The residents of McNeill, Fowl and Ross bays petitioned for the establishment of a school in that district. One resident offered to sell a lot and building for $1400.

Trustee Marchant pointed out that it was impossible to build the school, as the council had refused to grant any further money.

The petition was received and tabled, the petitioners to be informed that there are no funds available.

Accounts for the month were referred to the finance committee.

Trustee Marchant reported that the partitions had been taken out of the old gymnasium, making two rooms. The only trouble was that there was no apparatus.

The chairman said he thought arrangements could be made with Mr. St. Clair to fit up the gymnasium.

The matter was referred to a special committee.

The committee appointed to interview the council of public instruction relative to a music teacher reported that the council had no objections to offer.

Trustee Glover objected to the teaching of music in the schools.

Trustee Marchant suggested that the matter be inquired into before any action was taken.

Trustee Saunders moved, seconded by Trustee Lovell, that the report be received and that Mr. Graham be engaged at $60 a month.

Trustee Marchant moved in amendment that the matter be referred to a special committee.

The amendment was carried.

The meeting adjourned at 9.50.

THE CHAMPION OF HER RACE.

Ida B. Wells On the Subject of Negro Lynching.

Ida B. Wells, the young colored woman who has just returned from England, where she has been enlisting sympathy and support in behalf of her anti-lynching crusade, writes to the New York Sun in reply to one who had criticized her in the Sun's columns. The following is the conclusion of her letter:

"The world is asked to forget the wrong and injustice done us, the disgrace to civilization, and the insult to law, order and decency by these lynchings and remember only the cases of rape on white women by black men. John Paul Bocock asked for one case of white women's falsehood and got three, and when he gets them contents himself with calling me a liar, and promising to give a history of the most famous cases of the lynching of black men for rape. He dramatically asks us to consider the husbands, fathers and mothers, whose wives, daughters, sisters and babes have been outraged and murdered by 'black brutes—and then consider Ida B. Wells!'

"But, sir, I would beg them to consider the lynching question instead. The alarming frequency of the spectacle of whole communities turning out to see a human being hanged, shot, flayed, or burned alive, no matter for what cause, is disgracing the nation and placing a stain on its good name which will require the united action of the best minds of the country to wipe out. For, believe me, I am as seriously concerned for the good name of my country as for the sufferings of my race. I, too, could draw a picture of the brutal treatment of delicate, refined colored women, of the lawless hanging of their bodies and indecent exposure of their persons; of the sufferings and anguish of those who have had their husbands, brothers, sons and fathers torn away from them on some white person's unsupported word, and murdered by white mobs; and the many who are thus left homeless and penniless; of children who have been born into the world only to be told of the fathers whose lives were taken before their birth; of negroes who have been lynched simply for being drunk or saucy to white people. All this and more I could tell you, but I want to be content with discussing lynch law per se. I have never said that all the negroes lynched were innocent of crime. I said most plainly that there were villains among us with all races. The negro has lived too long with the white man not to have copied his vices as well as his virtues. But is it the province of one or two white persons, or even an excited mob, to decide a prisoner's guilt or innocence? If this is to be the standard, law courts should be abolished and anarchy reign instead. It was but a logical deduction for those English labor organizations which condemned lynching, that the sections which recognize the 'higher law' for a standard were unsafe for immigrants wishing the protection of organic law for their lives and property. Those who have read Burton's Arabian Nights know that what I charge regarding the relations of some white women and some black men is no new thing under the sun, and for this reason we demand a fair and honest trial by law for those accused, so that it may be fairly established which are guilty of rape and which of adultery that becomes rape when discovered. The legal machinery of the south is in the hands of the white race, which does the lynching. A case has never been known where a negro criminal escaped conviction and punisment for crime at the hands of white judges, juries and prosecuting attorneys. If the reason I allege is not the true one, why does the south refuse the negro the protection of the law and the trial by law and punishment by law for the crimes with which he is charged? The negro has never complained at the severest penalties inflicted when the prisoner has had a fair and impartial trial by law. In the J. C. Miller case it was the father of the murdered girl who was anxious that the prisoner should not be lynched. He said over and over again that he did not believe Miller guilty, and at last the mob yielded to his appeals to its humanity as far as to say that 'since they were not sure he was guilty they would compromise the matter by hanging instead of burning him,' as originally intended. In the case of John Peterson, of Denmark, S. C., who was lynched in April a year ago, the white girl in the case said he was not the man, but the mob decided that a crime had been committed, 'and that some one had to hang for it,' and on that verdict Peterson was lynched.

"But these suspects in no case have formed more than one-third of those lynched. One hundred negro men and women lynched last year, besides those accused of rape and for charges that—excepting murder—are atoned for by short imprisonment or a fine of a few dollars! Is the American nation proud of it, or will it attempt to defend that record? Near New Orleans last year a negro killed a white judge. The mob failed to get him, went to the house of his aged mother, beat her severely, drove her from home and hanged his three brothers because they could not get the real murdered. In Kentucky a mob killed Phil Evans, charged with rape, then blew up his house with dynamite, and his mother, wife and child have not been heard of since. Near Jackson, Miss., a man was accused of well poisoning; he and his wife and sister and her husband were all lynched. Near Lynchburg, Tenn., a man was accused of burning a barn, and his wife and another woman had to bear him company on the gallows. Every one of the first four days since my return has seen a lynching report from some part of the country, and the world is beginning to wonder how long the American nation will remain inactive in face of such a record. There are laws enough on the statute books, but there is no strong public sentiment for their enforcement. To say the law is inadequate or cannot be enforced is simply to confess we are incapable of self-government. Will the American nation make such a confession or longer continue silent while such wrongs are being done? I do not believe it will. I believe with those in England, that the country which produced William Lloyd Garrison, James Russell Lowell, Wendell Phillips, Abraham Lincoln and Henry Ward Beecher—names known and revered across the sea—has men and women living whose sense of justice and humanity is not dead, and that they will rise in their might and make this in fact, as in theory, 'the land of the free and the home of the brave.'"

PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Contains no Alum, Ammonia, Lime, Phosphates, or any Injurious
E. W. GILLETT, Toronto, Ont.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker
BLACKSMITH, ETC.
Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.
VICTORIA, B. C.

The Best Medicine.

J. O. WILSON, Contractor and Builder, Sulphur Springs, Texas, thus speaks of Ayer's Pills:

"Ayer's Pills are the best medicine I ever tried; and, in my judgment, no better general remedy could be devised. I have used them in my family and recommended them to my friends and employes for more than twenty years. To my certain knowledge, many cases of the following complaints have been completely and

Permanently Cured

by the use of Ayer's Pills alone: Third day chills, dumb ague, bilious fever, sick headache, rheumatism, flux, dyspepsia, constipation, and hard colds. I know that a moderate use of Ayer's Pills, continued for a few days or weeks, as the nature of the complaint required, would be found an absolute cure for the disorders I have named above."

"I have been selling medicine for eight years, and I can safely say that Ayer's Pills give better satisfaction than any other Pill I ever sold."—J. J. Perry, Spottsylvania C. H., Va.

AYER'S PILLS
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Every Dose Effective

RUPTURE
More CURES have been effected by my Truss, with Revives combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 97 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free.
CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

Notice to Water Consumers.

The attention of Consumers of Water supplied from the City Water Works is hereby drawn to sections 12 and 20 of the "Waterworks Regulation By-law, 1894," which provides that from the 15th day of April to the 15th day of September, both inclusive, in each year, no consumer of the water of the said Waterworks shall use such water for irrigating, except on the respective days hereinafter mentioned, namely:

In North Ward, on Mondays and Thursdays.

In Central Ward, on Tuesdays and Fridays, and

In South Ward, on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

If water is used for watering lawns or gardens at other than the time hereinbefore specified there shall be charged fifty cents additional for each infraction.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., June 15th, 1894.

Simpson, Strickland & Co
DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,
Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

SOLE MAKERS OF
Kingdon's Patent Machinery,
—FOR—
STEAM LAUNCHES,
ELECTRIC LIGHT and
AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE
First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.
Write for catalogue and price list.

Notice to Contractors.

Tenders for the construction of sewers within the area Described in by-law No. 231 and Known as "The Sewerage Commissioners and Sewerage Assessment By-Law," will be received at the office of the undersigned untill Monday next the 13th instant, at 4 p.m.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of the City Engineer.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C.M.C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, August 6th, 1894.

To those who follow closely the pages of "America Photographed" will be imparted a fund of information in the geography, topography, history and resources of North America that can be acquired from no other single work. It touches alike city, stream, mountain and forest. The almost unnumbered grandeurs of nature and

Most Interesting Works of Man

are pictured by photography and talked about by some of the best writers known As an educator it will be invaluable alike to young and old, yet when its pages bring to view the magnificent engravings, triumphs of the photographer's art and the engraver's genius, the acquisition of knowledge will be rendered a pleasure rather than a task.

NEVER BEFORE

has such a newspaper premium been offered to the public on such terms. You will regret it if you do not secure this Art Album and Educational Storehouse.

The Times this week offers Part 18. Four more numbers will complete the series of 20 Parts. Subscribers who have not yet availed themselves of our magnificent offer, may do so still, as there are a few numbers of the first parts still on hand. When these are all gone we will not re-order.

Address,

TIMES, VICTORIA, B. C.

DEFEAT OF THE VIGILANT.

Captain Haff Explains Why He Did Not Win Yesterday—The Coming Test.

To-Morrow's Big Game of Lacrosse Victoria vs. Vancouver—Lawn Tennis.

YACHTING.

Cowes, Aug. 10.—The Vigilant did not start in the race for the German emperor's cup in the Royal Yacht Squadron regatta to-day, and the Britannia went over the course alone. The course was from Cowes to the lightship off Portland, thence through Spithead channel, returning through the Solent, and encircling the Isle of Wight. The distance was 120 miles. The failure of the Vigilant to start caused keen disappointment to the thousands who had attended in anticipation of another victory for the Britannia. Many reports are current as to the reason of the Vigilant's failure to start. One report has it that the Vigilant suffered more damage to her bottom in Monday's race, when she scraped her bottom, than was reported by the divers. She will be docked and put in shape for the coming race with the Britannia outside the Needles.

(Later.) It is now said the sluggishness of the Vigilant in yesterday's race determined Captain Haff to have the Vigilant docked for the purpose of examining the keel which he believes is seriously damaged. If this is the case the loss of yesterday's race will be explained as roughness of the hull, which means several minutes delay to the Vigilant. While Gould is not inclined to make excuses, Haff thinks the bad set of the mainsail, together with the fact that the yacht was forced into shoal water, where he could not use his centreboard and thus keep her head up, contributed to yesterday's defeat. The real test of the yachts will be had Monday, when they sail a match race for a £500 cup, 15 miles to windward and back. It is unlikely the Vigilant will start in the Royal Southampton regatta to-morrow.

London, Aug. 10.—The Pall Mall Gazette says the Vigilant by not fitting her interior has escaped some very sharp criticism which should be hers. The British yachtsmen, the paper says, are disgusted with the way the Vigilant performed, and add that they must await advices from America before they can finally say whether the yacht's defeat is due to truckling to the Prince of Wales or the Vigilant's inadaptability to British waters. It is now said the Vigilant did not sail to-day because she was ineligible.

The Britannia crossed the finishing line at 5.36 this afternoon. Not the slightest interest in the event was shown after it was known that the Britannia would cover the course alone.

London, Aug. 10.—Monday's race between the Britannia and the Vigilant has been declared off because of George Gould's demand for a change of conditions. Gould wanted the yachts to run out fifteen miles from the Needles and beat back. The Prince of Wales declined to participate in a race under these conditions.

LOCAL RACES.

There will be two races to-morrow under the auspices of the Victoria Yacht club for first and second class boats. The start will be from James Bay boat house at 2.30. T. C. Jones will act as starter and time keeper.

THE OAR.

SARATOGA REGATTA.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 10.—The great aquatic event of the year—the annual regatta of the National Association of Amateur Oarsmen—opens here this afternoon, and, as in previous years, it has attracted the cream of the amateur oarsmen of the territory east of the Mississippi river. The entry list is scarcely as large as last year, but in the matter of quality it is of a high standard. The race course is beautifully situated four miles from the city and is surrounded by high bluffs which afford a magnificent view. The lake itself is nine miles long and three miles across at its widest part, while the course is situated at the extreme northern end and is all sheltered from the winds.

THE RING.

CORBETT RE FITZ.

New York, Aug. 10.—Corbett to-day refused to discuss the probability of his meeting Fitzsimmons. He declared that he could find a man to meet Fitzsimmons in a week, and added: "Jackson is the man I am after."

LAWN TENNIS.

Good progress was made in the tournament to-day, and the contests are now pretty well narrowed down. The gentlemen's single championship prize will again be between C. R. Longe and J. F. Foulkes. The following are the results since those mentioned yesterday:

L. Petty beat G. W. White—5-6, 6-2, 6-4.
J. F. Foulkes beat L. Petty—6-2, 6-4.
C. R. Longe beat G. V. Cuppage—6-1, 6-3.
Harvey Combe and R. E. Barkley beat E. A. Jacob and S. F. Morley—6-1, 6-1.
F. S. Bull and P. J. Fransioli beat A. C. Elmore and Lieut. E. G. W. Davy—6-3, 6-4.
C. R. Longe and W. E. Long beat G. W. White and G. H. Purdon—6-3, 6-3.
Mrs. Bramsdon and Lieut. H. W. Gordon beat Miss Arrowsmith and H. F. M. Jones (handicap)—6-4, 6-5.
Mrs. Ker and Dr. R. H. J. Browne beat Mrs. Burton and E. A. Jacob (handicap)—6-4, 6-2.
Harvey Combe and R. E. Barkley win from F. S. Bull and P. J. Fransioli by default, owing to the last named gentleman's return to Tacoma.
Miss M. Howard and A. T. Howard beat Miss Anderson and Lieut. Moggridge—4-6, 6-4, 6-2.
Miss Bailey and F. S. Bull beat Miss Barkley and H. Combe—6-1, 6-5.
Miss Anderson and A. C. Elmore beat Mrs. Langley and H. B. Rogers (handicap)—6-4, 6-2.

THE WHEEL.

ZIMMERMAN'S CHANCES.

London, Aug. 10.—The Pall Mall Gazette says that nothing short of an accident can prevent Zimmerman from winning every bicycle race he enters.

LACROSSE.

STUBBORN GAME ANTICIPATED.

Victoria and Vancouver meet on the lacrosse field to-morrow to play the last game of the provincial association series in Victoria. Vancouver must win the match to remain in the race for the pennant and Victoria has to make a hard fight to keep in advance of Westminster. Both teams have done some steady practicing and will put their strongest men on the field. The Vancouver team will arrive on the Charmer this evening, accompanied by several hundred of their admirers.

THE GUN.

Arrangements are complete for the gun tournament to-morrow at Macaulay point. All desiring to enter in the first event must be on hand at 9 o'clock sharp. There will be little enough time for all the contests to be finished. Four or five contestants are expected from Nanaimo, five or six from Tacoma and about as many from Seattle.

NANAIMO NEWS.

Why Insurance Rates are High in the Black Diamond City.

Nanaimo, Aug. 10.—J. G. Elliott, inspector of the Provincial Board of Underwriters, was in the city yesterday, and in the course of a conversation on the subject of fire insurance, said the reason the rate was high and insurance companies somewhat wary was because the water supply was inefficient, and another fact there were indifferent firemen. As a remedy he thought there should be a couple of paid firemen, a team of horses and a chemical engine. Frame buildings are also objected to. It is strange the fire insurance companies are only just finding out these flaws. The city really is composed of the same buildings that were erected years ago with the exception that a few good brick buildings have been added and up to the recent fire in May last the insurance companies had a good thing of it. Some time ago the merchants talked of starting an insurance company of their own.

William Clark was brought down from Union on Wednesday and taken to the hospital. Clark is a seaman belonging to the steamship San Mateo. While on duty he fell headlong down the hold sustaining serious injuries.

Two young men were brought before Magistrate Planta yesterday charged with infringing the game act. They were allowed a week to obtain legal advice.

A Finn and a woman of the same country had a lively set to in front of the government offices yesterday, owing to the former playing a sharp trick on the woman by obtaining $100 belonging to her. He gave her half the money in order to get away from her and now he will be sued in the county court for the remainder.

LATE CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

Canadian Express Company's Cashier Short in his Accounts.

Belleville, Ont., Aug. 10.—A sad accident occurred to-day on the farm of Mr. Charles English, of Thurlow, about five miles from this city. An emigrant boy named John Harrington, employed by Mr. English, was driving a horse rake, when he was thrown off, striking on his head. He was picked up unconscious, and died shortly afterwards of concussion of the brain. He came to this country in April.

Iberville, Que., Aug. 10.—Last evening the little seven year old son of Mr. W. F. Egg, city passenger agent of the C. P. R., Montreal, fell off the wharf while awaiting his father's arrival and was drowned.

Toronto, Aug. 10.—William Lee, cashier of the Canadian Express company, has been found to be $1800 short in his accounts. The company is secured by a guarantee policy and Lee's friends are trying to raise the money to prevent legal proceedings by the order. He has been with the express company for 25 years.

Brief Locals.

—The case of Charles Wilson, charged with stealing a watch from the Russ house bar, was set for 4.30 this afternoon in the police court.

—A full rigged loaded ship passed Otter point this afternoon, towing in. She is supposed to be the Lismore, with a general cargo for Turner, Beeton & Co.

—Ben Jaynes, at one time a sealer on the schooner Mermaid, is at the Telegraph Hotel. He and several others became disabled by sickness while on their last voyage, and were sent home on the steamer Empress of China by the consul at Yokohama. Jaynes claims that he was badly neglected by the ship's officers on the trip over and that his present bad condition is largely the result of that treatment. He states that he was refused a bed and blankets and had to sleep on the deck with his boots for a pillow and a coat for a cover. When he complained about this to the captain he got, so he says, an answer to the effect that he should be thankful for what he had and not do so much kicking. The steamship company has yet to be heard from.

Law Intelligence.

Before the full court yesterday the appeal in Vipond v. the corporation of the city of Nanaimo was dismissed.

The trial of Wilson v. Cowan was finished last night before Mr. Justice Walkem. The defendant was the only witness in his own behalf.

To-day before Mr. Justice Drake the trial of Irving v. Mallette was adjourned until Wednesday next on account of the inability of the defendant, C. E. Mallette, of Port Angeles, to be present. If the defendant pays $2000 into court before Wednesday next the trial will be postponed until after vacation. Otherwise the trial must take place on Wednesday.

P. A. Irving for plaintiff, F. B. Gregory for defendant Mallett, and W. J. Taylor for defendants Bainbridge and Williams.

Cheap Rates to the East and Return.

The Northern Pacific Railway has made a rate of $72.75 to Washington, D. C., and return, on account of the biennial session of the Supreme Lodge, K. of P., and $66.50 to Pittsburg, Pa., and return for the Grand Army of the Republic encampment.

Tickets good for sixty days from date of sale.

This gives intending passengers a rare opportunity for a cheap trip to all points East and return.

For further information call on or address

E. E. BLACKWOOD,
Agent N. P. R. Co., Victoria, B.C.

Use Gibbon's Toothache gum, sold druggists.

THE TERMINAL CITY.

McCraney's Bail Considered Excessive—To Receive Laurier.

Vancouver, Aug. 10.—The Liberals of this city met last evening to arrange a reception for the Laurier party. Numerous representative committees were appointed, with E. P. Davies as chairman, to meet the city council and the board of trade, thus making the reception a civic event. Meetings will probably be arranged for the opera house, and there will also likely be a banquet.

Last night burglars effected an entry into the grocery of Welsh & Nightingale, Mount Pleasant, filing the iron doors of the rear window. The safe was drilled and blown open, being badly cracked. Eighty dollars and papers were extracted. The work was evidently done by experts, to whom there is no clue.

William Kay, known among the siwashes as Billy, confessed in the police court this morning to supplying Squamish Charlie with the bottle of whiskey under the influence of which he murdered Jas. McRorie at North arm.

Numerous influential friends of H. P. McCraney were in hopes that the bail asked for his release would be reduced, as they objected on principle to go bonds for $20,000 on an affair of $500. The magistrate in Westminster, however, refused to decrease the amount. Mr. Major says there are other charges behind the one on the indictment and that that accounts for the large bail asked. The exact nature of the alleged irregularity is not known by Mr. McCraney's most intimate friends, and though his trouble is the great topic of conversation in the streets, few business men can be found who believe him guilty. Mr. McCraney, thinking the bail asked is exorbitant, as he protests his absolute innocence, refuses to entertain the offers of his friends to provide bonds unless the bail is reduced. He has therefore spent two nights in jail. Only a short time ago Mr. McCraney was the third highest assessed ratepayer in the city.

ADMITTED TO BAIL.

H. P. McCraney's Case—Plenty of Liberals in Westminster.

New Westminster, Aug. 10.—H. P. McCraney, the Vancouver real estate dealer, arrested three days ago on a charge of embezzling $500 from Magee & Pearson, this city, has been admitted to bail in the sum of $20,000, of which he is personally responsible for $20,000, and eight sureties in $1250 each. The immense figure at which the bail is fixed inclines many here to the belief that more serious charges are behind the present case.

At the Westminster Rifle association annual prize meeting to-day W. W. R. McInnes, of Nanaimo, won first place in No. 1 match with 92 points, taking the Lieut.-Governor's cup, valued at $250.

The salmon catch was moderate last night, though a fair average. Another run is entering the river, and high catches will again be the rule to-night.

A meeting will be held on Monday night to arrange for a welcome to Mr. Laurier. The promise of a visit from the great Liberal chief has developed the fact that the Liberals are stronger here than any one ever imagined. There are indications that this constituency will be contested on straight party lines at the next election for the first time on record.

Captain George, chief of the Chehalis tribe of Indians, is dead. He was a noted warrior, and fifty years ago had a wide reputation. After the gold excitement he embraced Christianity. When the Princess Louise was here he presented her with a pair of silver bracelets of Indian make and got her photograph in return. He expected something much more valuable, and considered himself badly treated.

Several fishing camps were visited by river pirates yesterday morning and a lot of salmon stolen.

American News.

Omaha, Neb., Aug. 10.—The militia was ordered to the packing house district to-day. There was no outbreak.

Memphis, Tenn., Aug. 10.—Three earthquake shocks were felt to-day. No damage was done.

Vallejo, Cal., Aug. 10.—The caisson of the big stone dock at the navy yard which capsized yesterday still lies in the mud at the entrance of the dock. Efforts were made again yesterday to raise the caisson but they failed. There is no doubt, however, that it will soon be floated, probably to-morrow.

Oakland, Cal., Aug. 10.—A man named J. Covia has been found guilty here of inhuman conduct to his little three year old daughter. The child's back and bosom, bared for examination in court, were found to be one mass of bruises and welts. Her head was full of cuts and around the eyes and nose were many discolorations, the latter having been permanently injured evidently by blows. The father admitted the accusations, but pleaded intoxication in mitigation of the offence.

West Plains, N. Y., Aug. 10.—William Dick, for many years a resident of California, where he owned an extensive vineyard near San Francisco, was fatally injured in a runaway accident in Westchester avenue, near Rochester, this evening.

St. Paul, Aug. 10.—A. J. Moyer, 21 years of age, son of a saloonkeeper, has eloped to Hudson, Wisconsin, with Miss Rachel Berkey, 15 years of age, one of St. Paul's four hundred and the daughter of Peter Berkey, the millionaire banker and until recently president of the St. Paul national bank. The young people were married by a justice of the peace. The wedding was celebrated some time since, but the young lady was sent off east to school. A charge of abduction would lie, as Miss Berkey is under the age of consent.

A Short Session.

St. Johns, Nfld., Aug. 10.—The legislature prorogued to-day after a week's session. Governor O'Brien assented to all the bills passed, including one making legal the illegal collection of taxes during the past three months. The speech intimated that the governor would shortly leave to accept another position.

PASSENGERS.

Per steamer Rosalie from the Sound—J Harris, F Bodson, Mrs Thomas, Miss Thomas, Mrs Cobb, Miss Cobb, Agnes Woodard, F J Currie, Mrs Currie, J B Wood.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Steamer Rosalie from the Sound—Elford & Smith, J H Todd & Son, F Carne, S Shoen, G H Selig, Leamy & Kyte, Simon Leiser & Co., C Braund & Co, J Earsman, J H Ritchie.

BIRTH.

TRIPP—On the 7th instant, at 21 Niagara street, the wife of Alfred Tripp, daughter of Capt. G. W. Robertson, of a son.

DIED.

HODGES—In this city, on the 9th instant, Mrs. Mary Hodges, relict of the late Thomas Hodges, a native of County Wicklow, Ireland, aged 63 years.

The funeral will take place on Sunday, August 12th, at 8:30 o'clock a.m. from the family residence 335 Johnson street, and from Roman Catholic church at 9 o'clock a.m. All friends of the family are cordially invited.

SCHOLEFIELD—At Kamloops on August 8th, Stuart Clarence Scholefield, priest, master of arts, aged 52. R. I. P.

W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

Cash Grocery

All Goods Marked in Plain Figures.
No Chinese Hieroglyphics.
All Goods Sold as Represented.
The Best in the Market.

NEW GOODS.
CHRISTIE, BROWN & CO.'S BISCUITS

Sodas, per lb	10c.
Short Bread	25c.
Cheese Biscuits	15c.
Abernethy	20c.
Cracknel	25c.
Sugar wafers, per box	35c.
Marmalade, per lb	20c.
Oat Meal Biscuits	15c.
Kennel	5c.

R. H. JAMESON & CO.,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under instructions from the mortgagee and in pursuance of the power of sale contained in a certain indenture of mortgage bearing date the 30th day of November, 1891, tenders will be received by the undersigned up to 12 o'clock noon of Wednesday, the 22nd day of August, 1894, for the purchase of Lot 15, Chemainus District, Vancouver Island, British Columbia, containing 160 acres more or less, formerly occupied by Alfred Chadwick.

The highest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

Dated the 7th day of August, 1894.

H. G. HALL,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.
12 Bastion Square, Victoria.

Paisley Steam Dye Works,
116 YATES ST,

Between Douglas and Blanchard, Victoria, B. C. The undersigned has refitted the dye works with all the latest improvements, and is prepared to do all kinds of dyeing and renovating. Lace curtains dyed and cleaned; sheepskins done at the shortest notice; feather gloves and ladies' wear a specialty; French and dry cleaning; gents clothes cleaned or dyed at the shortest notice. Goods called for and delivered.

JAMES ALLISON.

Provincial Royal Jubilee Hospital.

(Incorporated 1890.)

TENDERS FOR VEGETABLES.

Sealed tenders will be received for supplying the above institution with all vegetables to the 30th June, 1895, to be delivered free. Those grown by white labor preferred. Tenders to be sent to the undersigned on or before August 16th, 1894.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

H. M. YATES, Secretary,
Bastion Street.
aug8-1w

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Separate tenders will be received at the office of the undersigned until Monday, the 13th day of August next, at 4 p.m., for supplying not less than 200 cedar poles and 450 cross arms to the Corporation of the city of Victoria. To be delivered on or before the 12th day of September next, in the City of Victoria at such place as the Electric Light Committee may direct.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the undersigned.

The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

By order.

WELLINGTON J. DOWLER,
C. M. C.

City Clerk's Office, Victoria, B. C., August 8th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Robert Dudgeon of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the "Telegraph Hotel," situate upon the east side of Store street in the city of Victoria.

J. MERIFIELD.

Victoria, B. C., 14th July, 1894.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquor by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTIETH,
Official Administrator.

Administrating the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. aug8-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of Licensing Commissioners I shall apply for a transfer of the license held by me to sell spirituous or fermented liquors by retail at the Hotel Victoria, Government street, to William Wilson.

P. T. PATTON.

Victoria, B. C., August 9th, 1894.

JUST . . . . ARRIVED
...FINE NEW...
CANADIAN CHEESE . .

JOLLY'S CREAMERY BUTTER
The best in the market. Small Tubs for family use.

STAPLE & FANCY GROCERIES
Fresh and reliable.

Erskine, Wall & Co
COR. GOV'T & FORT STS.

PENDRAY'S EXTRACT OF SOAP

For Stains, Tarnishes, And Kitchen Tables.
For Bell Handles And Stair-rods.
Cleans Rapid, Is Simple and Cheap.
Makes Paint Like New.
It is Acknowledged the Best In the Market.

ASK YOUR GROCER FOR PENDRAY'S AND GET IT.

Cash!

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.... FROM CREDIT TO CASH.

BIG DROP IN PRICES TO SUIT HARD TIMES

Call on us and SAVE MONEY on your GROCERIES.

JOHNS BROS., 281 DOUGLAS ST

FOR SALE

6 Lots--2 Corners

ONE ACRE

The best site for a good house on the market. Close to Tramway. Near to water. City water on property.

THREE LOTS

Cultivated as garden. Price $1,400. A great bargain.

J. E. CRANE,
30 Broad Street.

Butter!

Large consignments arriving weekly by refrigerator car.

J. & A. CLEARIHUE,
26 Yates Street.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.

Allan Line, Numidian	Aug 11
Allan Line, Sardinian	Aug. 18
Dominion Line, Labrador	Aug. 11
Dominion Line, Mariposa	Aug. 18
Beaver Line, Lake Huron	Aug. 15
Beaver Line, Lake Ontario	Aug. 22

From New York.

Cunard Line, Aurania	Aug. 11
Cunard Line, Etruria	Aug. 18
White Star Line, Germanic	Aug. 15
White Star Line, Teutonic	Aug. 22
American Line, Paris	Aug. 15
American Line, Berlin	Aug. 22
North Ger. Lloyd, Elbe	Aug. 11
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Aug. 14
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Aug. 11
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Aug. 18
Red Star Line, Rhynland	Aug. 15
Red Star Line, Westernland	Aug. 22
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Aug. 17
Allan State Line, California	Aug. 31

Saloon fares from $40 to $90 according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $30 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government Sts.